PROVINCIAL

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The Chinook Advance

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We wish you all

A Happy

New Year

Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service

C. W. RIDEOUT — GEO. E. AITKEN

CHINOOK — ALTA

We wish all our

Customers and Friends

Prosperity in 1928

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

CHINOOK — Phone 19 — ALTA.

How About That RADIO

You Promised Yourself For Xmas. We have in stock

The Day Fan — Spartan — King

Our stock is complete on TUBES, BATTERIES, Etc.

We Charge Batteries

That you may enjoy a Merry Xmas and Prosperous New Year

Is The Wish Of

Banner Hardware

Chinook, - Alta.

That the Yuletide

Has found you HAPPY, will leave you Glad, and the

New Year

Bring you whatever your heart holds dearest, is our sincere wish

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

O. L. MIELKE, Manager

CHINOOK — PHONE 12

As 1927 is now drawing to a close, we wish to thank all our Customers and Friends for the business we have received from you this year. And it is our sincere wish that 1928 will be a happy and prosperous one for us all.

Happy New Year

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14. — Chinook

The Chinook Advance

Wishes to thank its subscribers and friends for their good will in the past, and we will endeavor to merit a continuance of this good will in the future. We extend to one and all the hope of a

Happy and Prosperous New Year

LOCAL ITEMS

D. Cassaday, school teacher at Langford, is enjoying the holiday season in Calgary.

Mr. R. Morrison left Friday morning for Calgary, where he visited friends over the week end.

Mrs J. Key returned from Calgary on Monday night, where she had been visiting for a few days.

Miss A. E. Godfrey, teacher at Glen Alta school, is spending the vacation with friends in Calgary.

Leslie Clipsham spent Christmas with his parents in Calgary, returning to Chinook Wednesday morning

Peter Vanderworte is filling the position of assistant manager at our hotel, formerly filled by Ernie Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs Ward Steckle left Friday morning for Calgary, where they are visiting friends during the holidays.

Mr. W. S. Korek, school principal, is enjoying the holidays with his parents at his home in Strathmore.

Mr. Creelman, C.N, well driller, left last Friday for a ten days' holiday with friends in Regina and Winnipeg.

Mr. Reg. Witt was a passenger on Friday morning's train for Saskatoon, where he spent Christmas with his brother.

Dr. Brown was very busy on Christmas night, but we understand that all the doctor's patients are improving nicely now.

Mr Richard Stewart left Chinook on Friday morning for Regina, to visit his mother, who is sick in the hospital there.

Miss Alice Deman, of Drumheller, is a visitor at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Deman, during the holidays.

Mrs. M. C. Nicholson left Friday morning to spend the Yuletide holidays with her son, A. S. Nicholson and family at Bassano.

Leonard Bayley, Calgary, arrived Saturday morning to spend the Christmas vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bayley.

Duncan Roberts arrived home Friday from Alberta College, Edmonton, to spend the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Roberts.

David and Douglas Smith, bank clerks, of Drumheller and Rosebud respectively, spent the Christmas season with their parents Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Smith, Chinook.

Mr. Carl Otto, of High River, arrived at the parental home Friday morning with his bride, he having been married on Thursday to Miss Olga Parsons of Penhold.

Mr. Wm. Hughes is spending the holiday season with friends in Calgary and Cochrane, Alta. He intends taking a two weeks' course at the Ford Service School in Calgary before returning to Chinook.

HAPPY NEW YEAR

On Saturday next we come to the end of another year. 1927 will have passed away and we will start on a new year. This year has been, to a great extent, a very successful one. We have been favored with good crops, business has shown a favorable aspect, and altogether we have much to be thankful for.

We look forward in anticipation as to what 1928 may have in store for us. Prospects look cheerful for a year of business prosperity and advancement. Although the weather conditions were not good for finishing up threshing during the past fall, still the outlook is excellent for another good crop season next year.

The wish of the Advance is that you may all enjoy health, wealth, happiness and prosperity during 1928. Let us work together to make the coming year one of mutual benefit and advantage.

THE CHRISTMAS CONCERT

The concert given by the scholars at the Chinook school last Thursday evening proved to be one of the most successful ever held here. The teaching staff are deserving of praise for the excellent training which they had given the scholars in preparing the programme and the pupils are to be congratulated on their rendering of each number.

The chairman, Mr. Carter, announced that there was a surprise coming to everyone, and indeed there was, for he pulled the curtain and disclosed the "Sherrahs" colored musicians. These artists assisted in making the concert a success by playing four numbers and the ensuing applause proved just how much they were appreciated.

The programme presented by the children consisted of songs, recitations, drills, dialogue and a tableau. This was terminated by the distribution of presents from the tree by a real live Santa Claus, much to the delight of every child present. After this the hall was cleared and everyone enjoyed the dance which lasted till the Wee Sma' Hours.

Miss Elsie Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Smith, is spending the holidays with friends in Calgary.

F Gertsch, of the Alberta Telephones, is making Chinook his headquarters while overhauling the lines in this district. He expects to have a crew of eight or ten men busy at this work within the next two weeks.

Mr. T. Abrahamson, who has farmed for several years in the Kinmundy district, has moved to town for the winter. Mr. Abrahamson finds life too strenuous and cold in the winter on the farm for a man of his age, so he is taking life easy at the Acadia Hotel for the winter.

To Our Old Friends

Loyal and true, to valued new friends, and to those whose friendship we strive to serve, do we most heartily wish unmeasured success and good fortune throughout this year and the many years to come. With grateful appreciation for all favors received by us from you, and for that priceless though intangible asset, your good will, which we esteem beyond measure,

We wish you a

Prosperous New Year

HURLEY'S

And Staff

We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for the business they have given us in the past year and also wishing them

A Merry Christmas

and a

Prosperous New Year

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST — CHINOOK

We extend to our Customers the old, old wish for a

Merry Christmas

and a

Prosperous New Year

We thank you for you patronage during the past year, and we hope for a continuance of your business during the coming year.

Youngstown & Chinook Meat Markets

- Printing -

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements, Billheads, Business Cards, Posters, and all kinds of Commercial Printing

The Chinook Advance

Newly-Weds Charivaried

Another couple of newly-weds arrived this week in Chinook, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Deman, who were married last week at Wetaskiwin. The bride was formerly Miss Georgia Mattern, of Ponoka district.

A number of the citizens gathered at the home of the young couple on Tuesday night and proceeded to give them a real old-fashioned welcome. After the fun the presentation was made to the happy couple of a silver basket and a set of china.

The Advance joins in wishing the young couple long life and happiness.

No Disfiguring Blemishes to Hide

If **Cuticura Soap** is used daily, assisted by **Cuticura Ointment** when necessary. They do much to prevent blackheads, pimples and other unsightly eruptions, and to promote permanent skin health.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Stenhouse, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

Take Necessary Precautions

Canadians have no reason to apologize for the climate of their country, even in periods of severe winter cold; on the contrary they are proud of the fact that, in so many respects, the Canadian winter is a very real asset to the Dominion. There is nothing enervating about the climate of Canada. To it is due the high quality of the grain produced. It is largely responsible for the fact that Canadians are a hardy, robust, healthy people, full of initiative and energy. It is not a climate in which idlers and slackers survive, consequently it develops a progressive, industrious people.

But just as in the tropics people must exercise certain precautions during seasons of intense heat, so must Canadians take precautions during periods of intense cold, or in stormy seasons. To neglect commonsense precautions at such times is to invite disaster.

During a blizzard which recently raged across a portion of Western Canada and the Western United States, a little lad of seven years was allowed to leave his home for the rural school he attended some distance away. He lost his way, became utterly exhausted, and his death resulted. Such a tragedy is the result of not taking the very natural precaution of keeping a young child home at such a time. It was foolhardy in the extreme to allow the child to venture out.

The Saskatchewan Department of Education has issued a timely warning to parents and teachers to exercise care in permitting children to proceed to and from school in very severe cold weather, when strong winds prevail during severe cold or a blizzard threatens. The Departmental warning points out that "it is better to keep a child home than to risk a tragedy, or, if adverse weather changes occur during school hours, to detain the children in the school house until they can be safely conveyed home."

The advice is given that "at such times parents may well telephone the teacher stating whether their children are or are not en route to school, while teachers should, in like manner, telephone parents that their children are being detained at the school until sent for, or that they have been started for home under escort.

As contrasted with conditions only a comparatively few years ago, when rural telephones were few and far between, the prairies of Canada are now criss-crossed with rural telephone lines. Nearly every rural school has a telephone installed, and an instrument is to be found in the great majority of farm homes. Good use should be made of them in the manner suggested by the Saskatchewan Department of Education.

Commenting on the above official warning, one Saskatchewan paper correctly says that it is usually when parents do not know what the teacher is doing and the teacher does not know what the parents are doing that such deplorable accidents as did happen in the recent storm occur.

In severe cold weather the number of tragedies from fire also largely increase. Roaring fires are built before the family retires for the night, or before leaving the house for an evening in order that it may be warm on their return. Fires occur all too frequently with calamitous results. Sometimes the stove is checked too tightly and while the family sleeps the house fills with gas.

All of which only serves to emphasize the need of taking every possible precaution while coping with the problems which severe cold weather brings for a few weeks during the height of the Canadian winter.

Urges Visits To Dominion

Much To Be Learned At First Hand Says Premier Baldwin

Premier Baldwin paid a high tribute to the educative and unifying influence of the Empire Parliamentary Association at the fourteenth annual meeting of the United Kingdom branch of the association in Westminster Hall.

He advocated frequent visits of the members of the home branch of the association to the Dominions and of members of the branches in the Dominions to Great Britain and to each other, and in this connection he referred to his own experience in Canada last summer. Such visits, he said, tended to remove misunderstandings and to crystalize in the public mind lines of definite Empire policy.

The Premier referred to the proposed visit of a delegation from the United Kingdom branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association to Canada next September. He expressed the hope that the speaker of the House of Commons would head that body which, he said, should be thoroughly representative of all parties and should be composed of men who did not regard these periodical visits overseas as simply pleasure jaunts.

Radio Broadcasting

Of the total radio broadcasting stations in the world amounting to 1,116, Canada has 57, taking second place to the United States which has 635, according to the United States Department of Commerce. Following come: Cuba, 47; Russia, 8; Sweden, 30; Australia and Germany each, 24; Argentina, 22; United Kingdom, 20; and France and Spain each 18.

Nearly 1,000,000 cubic feet of logs were rafted from Russia to Estonia this year.

Beware of the man who apologizes when he does you a favor.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

ULTRAPHONIC GRAMOPHONE, 38 selections, $165.00 for $55.00 Guaranteed. Polsson, 340 Mount-Royal East, Montreal.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1 No.2 No.3
THERAPION
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses
Sold by leading CHEMISTS, or return mail from Dr. LeClerc Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. NW.5. London

W. N. U. 1713

Expert Will Conduct Research

Cancer Theory May Be Tested On Isle Of Man

As soon as the sanction of the Ministry of Health is obtained, the Isle of Man will become the centre of a concentrated cancer research to be carried out by Dr. Louis Sambon, one of the world's leading cancer experts.

He plans to make a minute examination of the flora and fauna of the island and to leave no stone unturned in the hope of finding a cure for the disease. Dr. Sambon, who is working under the direction of the British School of Tropical Medicine, has intimated that he already has a theory regarding the origin of cancer and hopes by this means to find support for his theory.

With the aid of street maps and medical registers he plans to make a thorough check-up in all the island districts of persons who died from cancer in the last fifty years and all cancer victims now living.

"If my previous experience counts for anything," he said, "I will discover that cancer clusters in well-defined areas where the people living there are liable to be attacked.

"My colleagues and I will then conduct a minute examination of the vermin in each district, especially rats, mice, cockroaches, cellar beetles and various kinds of worms. We have already established a theory and we want to see how it is supported."

Dr. Louis Sambon, an authority on tropical diseases, who almost 20 years ago reported the causes of pelagra and later investigated the cause of malaria when he lived in the mosquito-infested Roman Campagna, has in recent years devoted his attention to cancer.

Considered Undignified

Turkey has abolished one more custom of the ancient past by forbidding turbaned ecclesiastics from "riding about towns and cities on donkeys." The ecclesiastic in a turban and his robes does not look dignified astride a donkey, the adminisration holds. The priests also are restrained from playing cards in coffee houses from now on.

Mistress: "Can you prepare any foreign dishes, Bridget?"

New Cook: "Sure I can mum — French beans, Spanish onions, and Oirish potatoes!"

Proposed Medal For Lindbergh

Highest Award In the World From the Hands Of Airmen

The "Grand Gold Medal" of the Federation Aeronautique Internationale, world governing body for aircraft performances, was proposed for Charles A. Lindbergh by Porter Adams, president of the National Aeronautics Association.

The medal is described as the highest award in the world from the hands of airmen, and it is planned to have it awarded to Lindbergh at a meeting of the Federation in Paris, soon. Mr. Adams' recommendation was made in a letter to Paul Tissandier, secretary-general of the Federation.

Conference On Wireless

Imperial Government To Invite Representatives Of Dominion

The Governments of the British Dominions and India have been invited by the Imperial Government to name representatives to attend a conference in London with regard to questions relating to cable and wireless communications, according to a statement by Postmaster-General Sir Williams Mitchell Thompson, in the House of Commons today. The conference is to be called as soon as practicable, the postmaster-general said.

THE BEST MEDICINE SHE EVER USED

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Highly Praised By a Quebec Lady

Mrs. David Logan, Thetford Mines West, Que., gives unstinted praise to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the good they have done in her family. Mrs. Logan says:—"I have been a user of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for many years, as occasion required, and have always found them a most reliable medicine. My husband, who was recovering from an attack of typhoid fever, and was in a very weak condition, took the pills, and through them gained health and strength. My daughter was in a run-down condition, and was forced to discontinue work. Again Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were resorted to and she was soon restored to excellent health. Then my eldest boy had an operation performed for adenoids, which left him in a weakened condition. Once more Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were tried, and he was soon in excellent health. So I can truly say that more than satisfaction has been obtained by the use of this medicine. The pills have done more good in my home than hundreds of dollars worth of more expensive medicines."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills assist digestion, correct the lassitude, the palpitation of the heart, shaky nerves and the pallor of the face and lips that are the results of thin, impure blood.

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Advisory Weather Service For Aviators

Weather Bulletin Plan Under Review At Meteorological Headquarters

A scheme for the development of an advisory weather service for aviators is now being worked out at the Dominion meteorological headquarters.

The project will, it is expected, eventually result in a network of specially equipped observatories from Newfoundland to British Columbia being instituted. The scheme is being designed primarily for air mail service by way of the Gulf of St. Lawrence and to guide the 4-100 gigantic dirigible from England, which is scheduled to terminate a trans-Atlantic cruise at Montreal next summer.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the hurtful intruders have been expelled. An excellent preparation for this purpose can be had in Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

Big Muskrat Farm

It is stated that eastern capitalists have bought 980 acres of land and swamp at Oak Lake, Man., for the purpose of a muskrat farm. While the amount of cash involved in the deal has not been disclosed, it is said that the fencing alone will cost $20,000.

Place Many Settlers

A thousand men have been placed on western farms this year by the Hudson's Bay Company overseas settlement board, according to F. H. Gamble, of Winnipeg, manager of that organization.

CONSTIPATION DEAFNESS
ARTHRITIS KIDNEY DISEASES
and Many Other Chronic Diseases
Have Been Cured | By Natural Methods
Regular M.D.s in Attendance
TILDEN HEALTH SCHOOL
3221 W. FAIRVIEW PL. DENVER, COLO.
Dr. Arthur Vos, A.B., M.D., Pres.
Write for FREE Literature

A Self-Contained Empire

Britain In Better Position Than Any Other Country In World

Sir Alfred Mond, whose knowledge of world-wide trade is probably unequalled, has been speaking about the British Empire, and reiterating his views concerning it, which he brought forward some time ago. These remind us very much of the Imperial Zoliverein, which was proposed many years ago by that brilliant and farseeing statesman, Joseph Chamberlain. His proposal was that the Empire should, as far as possible, become a self-sustained one, and that is practically what Sir Alfred Mond desires. He points out that in natural resources the British Empire is more self-contained than any other country in the world, ever the United States; his opinion regarding this state of affairs in the States may not particularly please the Americans, as he says their country, as compared with the British Empire, is "a trifling proposition scarcely worth regarding." He wishes to see the Empire trade within itself, and with a tariff by which Great Britain can trade with South Africa, Canada, New Zealand and Australia, creating a free economic development within the Empire, not merely in buying and selling, but in general development and in increased population.

Japan's Richest Man

Baron Iwasaki Has An Income Of $2,154,000 Yearly

The richest man in Japan, according to the 1927 income tax returns, is Baron Hisaya Iwasaki, head of the Mitsubichi Company, with an annual income of $2,154,000 in gold, paying a tax of $621,000.

The second richest is Baron Mitsui, head of the Mitsui Company, with an income of $1,696,000 and tax of $465,000.

The ten richest men in Japan inclūde the two Iwasagis, seven Mitsuis and Baron Obura, who comes last with an income of $517,000 and tax of $119,000.

The wealthiest company president is M. Hattori of the Tokio Watch and Clock Company, with an income of $467,000. The wealthiest peer is the Marquis Hosokawa, with $289,000; the wealthiest employee is Dr. Dau, managing director of Mitsui, with $291,000.

In Tokio and Yokohama 738 persons report personal incomes exceeding $25,000.

Another Illusion Destroyed

English Professor Of Chemistry Says Toast Is Fattening

The hopes of women who seek to preserve slim figures by eating toast instead of bread were shattered by Professor R. H. A. Plimmer, Professor of Chemistry in the University of London, when he lectured on "Common Errors in Diet" at the New Health Society's meeting at St. Thomas's Hospital Medical School, S. E.

"Toast," he said, "is worse than bread for fattening. The mere fact that we see steam arising from the bread when it is being toasted should prove to us that the resultant toast is only concentrated bread. People are apt to eat two slices of bread in the crisper, more concentrated form, and so are worse off from their point of view than if they only had one slice of ordinary bread.

Resignation Closes Office

History Of Moodyville Post Office Started and Finished With One Man

The history of the Moodyville, Kansas, postoffice begins and ends with the tenure of E. M. Moody as postmaster.

After serving in that capacity for forty-eight years in this Pottawattamie County village, which he founded, Moody, now eighty-eight years old, has resigned to conserve his eyesight "for the enjoyment of old age." He was the first postmaster of the town and now that he is retiring the government has decided to discontinue the office with his departure from it.

Dragged Down By Asthma. The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

Blubber is now believed to be the equipment that enables whales to withstand the pressure of great depths. Late observations record Greenland specimens that took 700 to 800 fathoms of line straight down.

French Savings Restricted

When Bank Account Exceeds Limit Depositor Must Withdraw Excess

Although the French people are noted for their thrift there are a number of savings bank regulations that will strike the American savings depositor as peculiar.

Individual deposits are limited to 12,000 francs while for mutual charity societies or trade unions they are limited to 50,000 francs. When an account exceeds this legal limit, the bank informs the depositor to withdraw the excess.

A depositor can have but one pass book within the territory of the French Reublic. The penalty for infringement on this rule is loss of interest, the forfeited interest being credited to the savings bank where the depositor had his money.

A married woman who earns no income is subjected to various restrictions in the amounts she may deposit, but if she has an income of her own she is no more restricted than her husband.

A minor may deposit money, but he cannot withdraw it until he reaches the age of sixteen, without the authorization of his legal representative.

Conditional accounts to be paid at majority, at the time of marriage or at some other stated date may be opened, but the sums carried are included in the amount allowed each depositor.

The savings bank reserves the right to limit individual withdrawals to 50 francs a fortnight.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

HOLIDAY SALADS

Apple and Orange Salad

Peel and slice oranges, rejecting all white membrane. Cut wedgeshaped slices from red apples, without paring. Arrange on lettuce-covered salad plates, using alternate slices of orange and apple.

Grapefruit Salad

Peel oranges and grapefruit and divide into segments, rejecting all white skin. Arrange a circle of orange segments on a lettuce-covered salad plate and fill centre with grapefruit segments.

CREAMED MUSHROOMS

Wash ½ pound mushrooms. Remove stems, scrape and cut in pieces. Melt 3 tablespoons of butter, add mushrooms, cook 2 minutes in covered dish; sprinkle with salt and pepper, dredge with flour, and add ¾ cup cream. Cook slowly five minutes. Add a slight grating of nutmeg, pour over strips of buttered toast and garnish with toast points and parsley.

JUNKET WITH CRANBERRY JELLY

Make a good, firm cranberry jelly, fill dessert glasses half full. When the jelly is firm fill the glasses with a plain junket; when junket is set, put away to cool. This may be served plain or with whipped cream heaped over it, and a little piece of cranberry jelly on top to add a touch of color.

To Hold Dairy Convention

The convention of the Western Canada Dairy Association, to be held in Regina February 7 to 10 inclusive, will be addressed by many of the most important dairy authorities in the Dominion. Besides the representatives of the four Western associations many Eastern dairy representatives are expected to be present.

Explaining the Trouble

A man purchased a cheap car and, finding it was not quite up to specification, took it back to the works for examination.

"What is wrong with it" he was asked.

"Well, you see," explained the owner, "every part if it makes a noise except the horn."

Western Hay Production

Western Canada has produced a record hay crop this year, according to preliminary estimates of the Federal Government. The four Western Provinces produced 2,544,000 tons of hay and clover in comparison with 1,981,000 tons in 1926 and 235,700 tons of alfalfa as against 223,000 tons.

Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia.

Saskatchewan's Arable Land

The arable land area of Saskatchewan is placed at 58,000,000 acres and the area under cultivation in 1926 at 26,264,640 or less than half the total. The area under wheat in the same year was 13,496,457 acres or approximately half that under cultivation. Saskatchewan consistently accounts for over half of the Canadian wheat crop.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Don't dose a Child's Cold

CONTINUAL dosing upsets children's delicate stomachs.

Vicks is applied externally and therefore cannot disturb the digestion. It acts in two ways:

(1) The body heat releases the ingredients in the form of vapors which are inhaled.

(2) At the same time Vicks "draws out" the soreness like a poultice.

VICKS VAPORUB
OVER 17 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Claims Prehistoric Man Was Industrious

Was Worker As Well As Fighter Says Dr. Ami

Dr. H. M. Ami, F.R.S.C., president of the Canadian School of Prehistory in France, who recently returned to the Dominion with 5,000 specimens illustrating the evolution of man's industrial implements, claims that man has been an intelligent creature for 450,000 years. He says prehistoric man did not always engage in fighting. The specimen tools which are in his collection prove this, he says. The tools that he found while he was engaged in excavating indicate that man was very industrious in the glacial age.

Dr. Ami for the past three months has been working in the Moustierian deposits near Bordeaux, under special concession by the French Government. The collection which he obtained is said to be the finest ever brought out by the excavators.

When the gigantic task of classifying the various implements is completed, Dr. Ami believes he will be able to piece together a complete story dealing with the evolution of implements used by man for thousands of years.

Infantile Mortality

Latest Figures Show That Mortality Rate Is Decreasing

Infantile mortality is decreasing. Figures for June last, issued recently, give an infant mortality rate of 77.2 per thousand births against one of 89.5 for June, 1926. Quebec, with an infant mortality rate of 106.1, had the highest in the Dominion; Manitoba, with a rate of 49.0 had the lowest.

Quebec, however, showed the greatest improvement during the year of all provinces. In June, 1926, the Quebec rate stood at 123.8.

The Dominion birth rate for June per thousand population was 25.1 against 25.3 in June, 1926. The death rate was 10.16 against 10.9.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil that it can be used internally with as much success as it can outwardly. Sufferers from catarrh will find that the Oil when used accordingly to directions will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

A Girl's Essay On Boys

Boys are men that have not got as big as their papas, and girls are women that will be ladies by-and-by. Man was made before woman. When God looked at Adam He said to Himself: "Well, I think I can do better if I try again." And He made Eve. God liked Eve so much better than Adam that there have been more women than men. Boys are a trouble. They wear out everything but soap. If I had my way half the world would be girls and the rest dolls. My papa is so nice that I think he must have been a little girl when he was a boy.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is an exzellent medicine to destroy worms.

The first rubber pavement in the United States has just been laid on a railroad crossing in Racine, Wisconsin.

Machines have been invented which will solve problems in algebra.

No man is so poor as he who has nothing but money.

COYOTES

BADGER—WHITE WEASEL—SKUNK and other furs urgently needed; I want for early manufacture
5,000 Coyotes 10,000 Weasel
1,000 Badger 1,000 Skunk
Highest Prices—Quickest Returns—Satisfaction Assured. For many years past I have satisfied thousands of Canadian Trappers and I can please you; send postcard TODAY for Price List, Shipping Tags, Bankers Reference, and SPECIAL OFFER to FIRST SHIPPER from each locality.
J. H. MUNRO
Revelstoke, B.C., and 613 First Ave. West, Calgary.

Canadian Tree Seeds Are Being Successfully Planted In Many Parts of the World

One of the Canadian crops which is not included in the agricultural returns is the annual crop of tree seeds. It may be thought that these are of no value except for natural reproduction in the forest lands and as food for squirrels and chipmunks. That may have once been true but with the increasing need of artificial forestation the world over the demand for hardy and disease-free varieties of tree seeds is becoming increasingly difficult to satisfy. The seeds of Canadian coniferous trees are steadily making a world reputation for themselves, according to the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, and are in as relatively great demand as Canadian seed potatoes, bulbs and cereals, on account of their superior sturdiness and reproductive qualities, as compared with those grown in milder climates.

In this connection it may be interesting to note that already the industry is becoming organized under the auspices of the Forestry Service of the Federal Government. What is said to be the largest tree-seed plant in existence is located in British-Columbia at New Westminster, as much as 3 tons of Douglas Fir seed, 6¼ tons of yellow pine seed, 2 tons of spruce seed, ½ ton of western hemlock seed and ¼ ton of cedar seed having been harvested and graded in a single season. These seeds are supplied at cost to responsible authorities within the British Empire.

Although Canadian tree seeds are being successfully planted all over the world including extensive areas in the Motherland itself, it must not be forgotten that Canada as one of the greatest of manufacturing countries with respect to wool products is actively beginning to take an interest in replacing her forests. The province of Quebec alone has an official programme for 1928, which will involve the planting of no fewer than 3,000,000 trees. Ontario has also made great strides in the creation of new and permanent forest areas. It is sincerely to be hoped that the leadership of the federal and certain of the provincial governments in this respect will receive every possible measure of public support.

Inspect Turkey Flocks

Take Steps To Raise Status Of Saskatchewan Turkeys

Inspection of turkey flocks in Saskatchewan for the selection of choice breeding stock has been completed by six field representatives of the co-operation and markets branch of the provincial department of agriculture. Several hundred birds were inspected and about 500 banded as approved birds.

A card index system has been inaugurated and each owner's approved birds are listed and as sales are made a new card is made out for the new owner of approved birds.

At the request of W. A. Brown, chief of the federal poultry division, copies of the list of Saskatchewan approved turkeys have been sent to federal poultry promoters in Ontario, Quebec, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Manitoba and Alberta.

"Not only is this work going to raise the status of the Saskatchewan turkey for marketing purposes," said W. Waldron, markets commissioner, "but it is an important step towards building up a very substantial business in the sale of choice breeding stock."

Flocks were inspected at Regina, Davidson, Penzance, Imperial, Richardson, Zeelandia, Laura, Saskatoon, Calvet, Clark's Crossing, Woodrow, Limerick, Amulet, Yeomans, Viscount, Govan, Maple Creek, Wapashoo, Plapot, Birch Hills, Creelman, Froude, Watson, Fillmore, and Tuxford.

Alberta Sheep Industry

Another shipment of 442 lambs went out of Cardston recently, upon which an average of $10 per head was realized by the farmers. Several shipments of breeding ewes have been shipped into the district recently and one carload of pure Rambouillett rams. The sheep industry seems to be getting a good foothold in the mixed farming practice of this district.

She (indignantly)—"I'd like to see you kiss me again!"

He—"All right. Keep your eyes open this time."

Sue — "So you've just graduated from cooking school?"

Flo—"Yes, I'm a Doctor of Divinity Fudge."

Seed Drill Survey

Room For Improvement In the Preparation Of Grain For Seed Purposes

Results of the seed drill survey made in Saskatchewan this year, and issued recently by Hon. C. M. Hamilton, provincial minister of agriculture, show that out of each ten samples of wheat examined three graded No. 1, four graded No. 2 and three graded rejected. Of oats examined, 16 per cent. graded No. 1 or No. 2, while 16 per cent. went No. 3. and 68 per cent. graded rejected. The lower grade samples in the majority of cases were lowered in grade because of the presence of noxious weeds.

An official of the field crops branch said a comparison of the different makes of cleaning machinery used appeared to indicate that the make of type did not make as much difference as the other factors—the pollution of the seed grain and the man running the mill.

"It is clearly shown," he said, "that many farmers in Saskatchewan are not getting the best possible results from their seed cleaning machinery, perhaps through not having the proper equipment for their mills, or possibly through an inadequate understanding of the best methods of operation. There would appear to be a lot of room for improvement in the preparation of grain for seed purposes.

The Backbone Of Trade

Advertising Especially In Newspaper Is Invaluable To Merchant

"Advertising is the backbone of business whether it be local or national," said Ernest Tomowske, advertising specialist, in a recent address before the Advertising Club of Spokane, Washington. Mr. Tomowske is a former newspaper advertising man and head of an advertising agency.

"Newspaper advertising brings the buyer to the store," he said. "The experienced advertiser will use the windows and billboards to augment his newspaper space, but the newspaper goes to the home and should be used by every advertiser.

A Chic Frock

The youthful frock shown here is one of the newest and smartest styles this season, and will be found suitable for many occasions. The bodice is cut in sections, and each side of the front is slightly gathered and the scalloped lower edge is joined to the two-piece flared skirt. The convertible collar may be worn open, or fastened at the neck, and the long dart-fitted sleeves are finished with band cuffs. No. 1696 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 3 yards 39-inch, or 2 1-3 yards 54-inch material. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size.......

....

....

Name ....

Town ....

London Paper Prints Canadian Supplement

Financial Times Sees Rapid Progress Ahead For Dominion

The Financial Times, London, has undertaken to publish a Canadian supplement every six months for the next three years. The significance of this is notable. It means that this authoritative journal sees a period of great and rapid progress ahead for the Dominion calling for periodical reviews of conditions in addition to the information printed in its regular editions. A staff of travelling correspondents is kept in the country, and it considers market movements important enough to warrant the expense of cable tolls on quotations and special news.

The first supplement has made its appearance, and consists of forty pages, well illustrated and printed on book paper. Its contents include a foreword by Hon. James Malcolm, and articles on agricultural prosperity, banking, British trade, railways, minerals, industries, insurance, investments, shipping, water power, the Provinces, and opportunities for investment.

In his introductory article Mr. R. J. Barrett, managing editor, states that Canada's expansion in the past two decades has been prodigious, surpassing that of any equivalent period of the nineteenth century in the United States. He views the future so favorably that he believes he is doing an Imperial service in keeping the Old Country informed accurately as to events. As to this there can be no questions. It is a service to Canada as well, and one which will be appreciated here. It will provide a consistent, reliable link between the two countries which will mean much to both. Satisfaction will be the greater when it is understood that the editors of The Financial Times gained their inspiration by close first-hand investigation of Canada's potentialities. — Toronto Globe.

Big Farm Deal

Northern Alberta's biggest farm land deal this year was completed the other day when the well-known Trent Farm was sold to a colony of Mennonites for more than $126,000. The new owners, eight families, will take possession the first of the year. The farm, which is in the Tofield District, has 2,641 acres.

Character writes itself on a man's face with indelible ink.

Canadian Goes To Colombia

Pure Bred Cattle To Be Sent To Southern Clime

Fred Stock of Tavistock, Ontario, graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, has been appointed livestock commissioner for the Republic of Colombia, South America, according to a recent announcement made in Toronto by Dr. Santiago Abadia, son of the President of Colombia.

Dr. Abadia, who was a visitor to the Royal Winter Fair and is a former student at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, has been given authority by the Government of his country to assist in the re-organization of the agricultural industry of Colombia. He is now in Canada in the interests of this task.

Some pure bred herds of cattle have been bought in Ontario by Dr. Abadia and shipped to the new experimental farm at Bagota, capital of Colombia. The Colombia Government, according to Dr. Abadia, has an ambitious program to improve the status of agriculture in that country and plans to spend during the present fiscal year, $1,500,000 towards that end.

Dr. Abadia has associated with him on his present trip through Canada and in his work in the south, another young Canadian agriculturist, Kenneth McArthur, formerly of London, Ontario, now proprietor of a large farm adjacent to Bagota. Mr. McArthur is also a graduate of Guelph and is associated with Washington Bernal, a young Colombian graduate of Guelph, in his farm operations in South America. Mr. McArthur and Mr. Stock are lending the benefit of their advice to Dr. Abadia in the purchase of livestock in Canada.

Where the Others Were

Man: "I bought another set of Shakespeare today and, believe me, it's a beauty. Hand-tooled leather covers, gold edges, velvet finished paper stock, classic typography, steel engraved illustrations; a beauty, I tell you."

Wife: "Well, I'll try to find room for it in the basement."

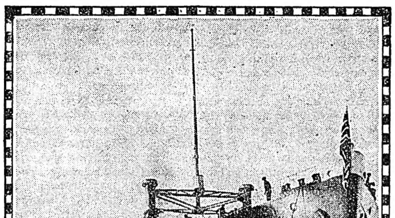
Jake—"I hear your wife is sick. Dangerous, eh?"

Sam—"No, she's too weak to be dangerous."

Dicky: My dad is an Elk, a Lion, a Moose and an Eagle.

Micky: What does it cost to see him?

Express Cargo Steamers For C. P. R.



The fourth of the five 10,000 ton cargo steamers under construction in the Old Country for the Atlantic service of the Canadian Pacific was launched recently from the yards of Messrs. Barclay, Curle and Co., Glasgow. With appropriate ceremonies and in the presence of a large gathering of Canadian Pacific officials, the new ship was christened the "Beaverhill" by Miss Mavis Gillies, (inset) daughter of Captain James Gillies, general manager of the Canadian Pacific Steamships Ltd.

When these new steamers are delivered, the Canadian Pacific cargo fleet will be augmented by five of the highest type of express cargo steamers and capable of maintaining a speed of 14 knots an hour, which is regarded as exceptional for cargo steamers. The marked growth of ocean trade between Great Britain and Canada via the St. Lawrence route, has prompted the Canadian Pacific to augment their freight service to this extent. These vessels will be used to maintain a weekly service between Canadian ports and those in Great Britain and on the Continent.

The new freighter, like her sister ships the Beaverburn, Beaverdale, Beaverford and Beaverbrae, is 520 feet in length, 61 and a half feet in width with a deadweight carrying capacity of approximately 10,000 tons, and load draft of 27 feet; but should a need arise as much as 13,000 tons may be carried on the maximum load draft. The ships will be driven by twin screw.

No Evidence To Show That The Betting Habit Is Making Any Headway In Canada

Some Unprofitable Ideas Under Patent

Spectacles For Hens and Umbrella With "Periscope" Only Two Of Many

Some inventive genius recently patented an instrument for opening a lock when the key has been mislaid. Such a convenience might prove too popular among the burgling gentry to result in any wide-spread demand among ordinary householders who use such locks. Evidently, however, this drawback never occurred to the inventor, and so we have another addition to the many futile contrivances that have been patented at one time or another, says Everybody's Weekly, London.

There was, for instance, the ingenious cigarette holder that mechanically ejected its own "fag ends." This, too, was soon found to be useless because of the nasty habit it had of shooting them at the unfortunate person who happened to be nearest the smoker.

Equally puerile was the pocket wallet in which was secreted a revolver that went off when handed to a highwayman. It worked all right until it nearly cost the life of the experimenting inventor's wife.

An umbrella was patented some time ago which had a hole in the roof covered by a cowl to keep out the rain. Its inventor explained that it enabled the user to see where he was going in a heavy rain storm and thus avoided running into people. Needless to say, his contrivance did not make him a millionaire.

Another white elephant in the inventing line was a suit for wolf hunting. It weighed twenty-three pounds and contained 1,200 nails protruding from it at half inch intervals.

Some one who thought golf too difficult patented a freak ball that could be driven 600 yards and actually seemed peeved when the St. Andrew's authorities turned it down.

Another elaborately conceived instrument was one for anchoring a house to the ground so that it could not be carried off in a cyclone.

Specially constructed spectacles to prevent sore eyes in hens was another idea of this type. Poultry farmers, however, evidently failed to see eye to eye with the enthusiastic inventor, and bespectacled hens have not become widespread.

The chemical genius who created cigarettes that had no ash was at once hailed as a benefactor of mankind. He was until it was discovered that it was certain death to smoke more than two of them a day. The smoker who only consumes two cigarettes a day is so rare that enthusiasm for the idea soon waned.

Not Affected By Exports

Milch Cows In Canada Increased By 55,000 In Year

There were 55,000 more milch cows and 54,000 more other cattle on Canadian farms when a survey was made in June of this year than there were in the previous June, according to the bureau of statistics. Movements are going on steadily to the States, but the figures show that breeding is keeping fully apace.

Last June there were 3,894,311 milch cows, compared with 3,831191 a year before, while there were 5,277,-927 other cattle compared with 4,-731,688 in June, 1926. Horses increased by 23,000, sheep by 120,000, and swine by 340,000.

The main decrease in milch cattle was in Saskatchewan and Alberta. The former declined by 30,000 head of milk yearlings, but increasing 21,-000 in milch cows, while Alberta had 26,000 fewer cows and 44,000 milk yearlings. Ranch cattle, however, increased 158,000 in Alberta.

A Real Movie Fan

The champion movie fan of the world is probably an 85-year-old woman of Cherokee, Indiana. She has not missed attending a picture show one night in eight years, Sundays included. Since 1919 she has seen 2,290 pictures. No night is too cold or stormy to keep her from the theatre.

The Boss—"What's this item on your expense account, 'Overhead expense, $4'?"

Travelling Salesman—"That was an umbrella I bought."

"Did yer 'usband get the job 'e went after?"

"Naw, 'e went an' yawned jus' as they wuz goin' ter give it to 'im."

Hope is the froth on a man's imagination.

The Federal Department of Agriculture, which has official supervision of betting on all race tracks in the Dominion, has completed and issued a statistical statement from which it appears that the money wagered on Canadian race tracks during the season just closed amounted to $47,915,-828, as compared with $44,346,672 wagered last year. There were, in 1927, thirty-four more racing days than in 1926, and $3,569,156 in added wagers amongst a population which would increase in proportion to the nation's natural growth may not be taken as evidence of a spread of the betting habit amongst the people. Gambling is inherent in the human race, and the propensities are probably inherited more than they are acquired. Whoever is anxious for their eliminations should find a crumb of comfort in the fact that the dispositions do not today lead men into the extravagance of former days. The world is getting better gradually, though appearances may sometimes raise a note of interrogation in this respect. At all events, gambling, through legislative control, and surely through the elevation of moral standards as well, has lost much of its old reprehensible character. Time was when men of quality made betting their most serious occupation. The custom of "pitting" or backing one man to outlive another became so prevalent in Britain that in 1774 a Gambling Act was passed by Parliament prohibiting insurance except when there was an insurable interest. The preamble of this act is to the effect that, "whereas it hath been found by experience that the making of insurance on lives and other events wherein the assured shall have no interest, hath introduced a mischievous kind of gambling, it is necessary to draw a distinction between a contract of life insurance and a wager." The common passion for gambling was such that people would lay wagers on every thing under the sun.

More than one "cause celebre" had origin in "the golden age of wagering." One famous law suit arose out of a bet on the duration of the life of Napoleon Bonaparte. Sir Mark Sykes, discussing with his guests at dinner the danger to which Napoleon was then exposed, said he would take a hundred guineas from anyone present, and would pay him a guinea a day so long as Napoleon lived. This was in the year 1809. One present, the Rev. B. Gilbert, produced a hundred guineas, and as a result reaped a rich return on his "take" until Sir Mark, after paying the exultant cleric about a thousand guineas, resolutely drew in his purse-strings and allowed himself to be sued for breach of contract. The case, according to the records, turned not upon the ethics of gambling, but upon "broad national considerations," and the waging baronet was given judgment on the ground that the bet "created an undue interest in the preservation of the life of a public enemy."—Montreal Gazette.

Phone Operator Is Blind

Woman Trained Hands and Ears As Substitute For Eyes

When Mrs. Clara Raney, telephone operator at Melrose, Ohio, was 28 years old, she found herself becoming blind. Doctors were unable to aid her, but she determined that she would not give up her position.

So she trained her hands and ears to take the place of her eyes, and now at 62, she still is holding the job and hasn't had a vacation in 20 years. Bells have been substituted for the lights on the ordinary switchboard and she never makes a mistake in plugging in a connection. She is on duty from 5 in the morning to 12 at night.

"I haven't any idea when I'll quit," Mrs. Raney says. "I ought to be good for several years yet."

Got His Price

A Swiss farmer lately received an offer from two other men for one of his cows. The farmer asked a price of 1,250 francs, but the buyers were not willing to give more than 1,200. Whereupon the proprietor of the cow agreed to accept their terms, on the consideration that each of his children should be given five francs.

More men are now working on new buildings in New Zealand than are employed in any other industry.

The only noticeable thing about some men is that they are unworthy of notice.

Assessment value of White House, Washington, is placed at $22,000,000, but is exempt from taxation.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

An earthquake in the outlying districts of Rangoon, the severest in Burma for years, has caused widespread damage and several casualties.

Most of the leading dog "mushers" on the continent will compete in The Pas International Derby over a distance of 120 miles on March 13, 14 and 15, inclusive.

Incorporation of the British Columbia Airways, Limited, is announced for the operation of a 16-passenger seaplane service between Victoria, Vancouver and Seattle. The service will start shortly.

Five minutes after an armored car had delivered a $10,000 payroll, three armed robbers held up the office of the Mallory Steamship Company, New York, and escaped in an automobile.

The marshlands that form a great part of the wide valley of the Columbia River, in British Columbia, continue to attract fur farmers. A recent shipment to this area of 32 black and silver foxes as well as a pair of mink shows expanding business.

A despatch to The London Daily Express from Jerusalem says that fifteen Jewish workers were wounded in a riot at Petah Tikweh, the largest Jewish colony in Palestine, which is northeast of Jaffa. Twenty persons were arrested by British police.

Dr. Willis Luther Moore, head of the United States weather bureau for 18 years and honored by many scientific institutions for his work in Meteorology, died at his home in Pasadena, Cal., of heart disease, aged 71 years.

Victor Bruce and his wife, of England, who set out at the Monthery motordrome, Paris, to break the world's non-stop automobile record, ended their long grind after having driven 15,000 miles in 220 hours, 32 minutes and 54.38 seconds. Their average was 68 miles an hour.

All known Communists were definitely excluded from the ranks of the Quebec branch of the Labor Party of Canada at the eleventh annual convention in Montreal. The convention rejected the application of the Communists for re-affiliation by a vote of 56 to 20.

Crude Farming In Spain

Crop Of 10,000,000 Acres Mostly Sown and Reaped By Hand

If the old Roman plow is not soon banished from Castile there will be danger of a grave economic crisis in Spain. The average value of the Spanish wheat crop is about $400,000,000 for an area of 10,000,000 acres, mostly sown and reaped by hand. Thousands of sun-blackened men, crouching low as they toil with sickles through vast fields, betoken the backward conditions and the starvation wages. As a result of these primitive methods Castilian wheat cannot compete in the world markets, though its quality is renowned through the ages. Wheat harvested thousands of miles away in America or Argentina can be sold in Spanish ports at less than the cost price of the domestically grown cereal. The government has had to restrict wheat imports, creating an unsound economic situation. The situation can and must be saved by the extensive use of tractors, deeper tilling and increased fertilization.

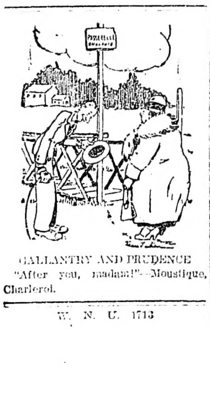
Jack—"Dear, I told you not to stay up for me."

Wife—"You're all wrong. I'm just getting up."

Silk cocoons gathered in Japan during the fall season weighed nearly 370,000,000 pounds.

More than a million cubic yards of garbage is towed in barges from New York city to sea for dumping monthly.

For every gold brick on the market there is a purchaser born.



GALLANTRY AND PRUDENCE

"After you, madame!"—Moustique, Charleroi.

Flin Flon Power Site

May Change Site From White Mud Falls To Island Falls

Intimations from the Whitneys of New York, have been received at the capital indicating that a change in the power site of the Flin Flon mine may be made from White Mud Falls to Island Falls.

Island Falls are on the Churchill River, considerably closer to the mining property than are the White Mud Falls, on the Nelson, and, it is understood, the Whitneys and the Sherritt-Gordon interests, after going into both propositions carefully, are inclined to the view that the former would be the best power site for their development.

The uncertainty of the financiers did not occasion any surprise at Ottawa, as it was known that the White Mud Falls were never definitely decided upon, and, after the government made it clear that certain restrictions would be imposed if the White Mud were developed, the value of this site to the mine owners was distinctly lessened.

Island Falls has a capacity of 55,000 horsepower, which would look after the mining development. White Mud would supply more than 250,000 horsepower, and there would be a large surplus to be sold elsewhere. Originally it is said, the Whitney engineers were of the opinion that there would be no rate control, and that the White Mud offered splendid opportunities as a profit producer. With control of power rates, however, its advantages were very much diminished, and consequently there has been a disposition to turn back to the first site.

It is understood that the interior department has asked the Whitneys to come to a decision as quickly as possible.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashion

A 1700 B

Flared Skirts Are Shown On Many Of the Newest Frocks

Decidedly smart is the modish frock pictured here. The two-piece flared skirt is joined to the bodice having a vestee with round neck, and the long dart-fitted sleeves are finished with shaped cuffs. No. 1700 is in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 38 requires 2¾ yards 39-inch, or 2¼ yards 54-inch material, and ¾ yard 36-inch contrasting. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Every woman's desire is to achieve that smart, different appearance which draws favorable comment from the observing public. The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are originated in the heart of the style centres, and will help you to acquire that much-desired air of individuality. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.................. Size.........

....

....

Name ....

Town ....

A Boon To Children

In the woods near Berlin are a number of "vacation recreation grounds" set aside by the city for the benefit of its children. For the sum of thirty-six cents a week youngsters are transported daily to and from these parks and are given three meals while there.

Yokohama, Japan, expects to remove all traces of the earthquake within 18 months.

Many wealthy Chinese, driven from the turbulent regions of China, are buying homes in Shanghai.

JAMES DUFF GUILD

who has been appointed assistant to the Agricultural Agent of the Canadian National Railways, for the Western Region, with headquarters at Winnipeg. He is a native of Manitoba and a graduate of Manitoba Agricultural College. Mr. Guild, who has been supervisor of illustration farms, at Brandon, succeeds T. P. Devlin, who has become superintendent of the railway's colonization work at Saskatoon.

Water As a Lubricant

Better Than Oil For Rubber Bearings Is Claim

A discovery has been made which has caused wide interest in the engineering world. It is claimed that rubber bearings lubricated with plain water can do all that oiled gun-metal or other bearings can do, and that oil for lubrication can be dispensed with. Rubber bearings have now been tested on heavy machines running 5,000 revolutions a minute. A particle of grit simply rolls across the rubber until it is removed by the water, which runs through a fine groove in the bearing. Lubricating oil is used in the machinery in thousands of tons, and some qualities of it are very expensive. The new system, discovered and perfected by two English engineers, may lead to all kinds of changes in high-speed machinery, such as ship's turbines, and so on, bringing about big changes in the running costs.

Sugar From Waste Wood

Sawdust Treated With Acid Makes Substance Suitable For Food

Sugar from waste wood is forecast by a report made recently by Dr. W. R. Ormandy to the Society of Chemical Industry, in England. Dried sawdust is treated in a carefully-designed chemical plant with hydrochloric acid. This treatment converts the substance of the wood into a mixture of sugars, one of which is ordinary glucose, or corn sugar, a material that is perfectly suitable for human food. Not all of the sugar produced by the process is pure enough for food use, although most of it is. The by-product of impure sugar is to be fermented into alcohol, which will be used for motor fuel.

Nothing To Hinder

A young London girl who was holidaying in the country became rather friendly with a young farmer. One evening as they were strolling in the fields they happened across a cow and a calf rubbing noses in the accepted bovine fashion.

"Ah," said the young farmer, "that sight makes me want to do the same."

"Well, go ahead," said the girl, encouragingly. "It's your cow."

Foil Evil Spirits

Japanese Vessel Is Burned For Just That Purpose

To foil the devils which Japanese sea-faring men were convinced must have brought bad luck to the ill-fated fishing smack, Ryo Yei Maru, which drifted on the broad Pacific 11 months while her crew of 12 Japanese fishermen sickened, starved and died, the vessel has been consigned to the flames.

The Ryo Yei, which was valued at about $17,000, was secretly towed to an isolated beach on Puget Sound, her hold filled with waste and soaked with oil, set afire and reduced to a mass of smouldering ashes and twisted metal.

It had been planned to ship the Ryo Yei back to Japan and arrangements were made to place the 85-foot boat on the after deck of an American mail liner for the return voyage, but the plans were cancelled when it was learned the families of the unfortunate fishermen did not want her returned.

The fisher folk of Misaki, Japan, where the ship was built, were convinced evil spirits had taken possession of the ship and her return to Japan might bring other calamities. No part of the ill-fated vessel was saved lest a demon escape the fire.

The Yei was sighted off the Washington coast last October 31. She had set sail on a fishing trip from Japan December 5, 1926. The last survivors of the crew died in May, 1927, a diary found on board the vessel revealed.

Colony Of Doukhobors

Steps Are Taken Towards Extension Of Colony In Saskatchewan

Peter Veregin, Jr., leader of the Doukhobors in Canada, has announced a plan of expansion, centralizing at Veregin, Saskatchewan, which eventually will have a population of from 30,000 to 50,000 Doukhobors. The plan evolved by Veregin after a three months stay in Canada, indicates that colonies as at present constituted will not be altered, but that the colony at Veregin will be for immigrants from Central Russia.

Radical changes are involved in the establishment of the colony. One of the outstanding results expected is that the Doukhobors will become active participators in the upbuilding of Canada, and will not be the passive people they have been since coming to the country.

The first step towards expansion has been taken by Veregin, in the consolidation and liquidation of debts, and placing the Doukhobors on a sound financial working basis.

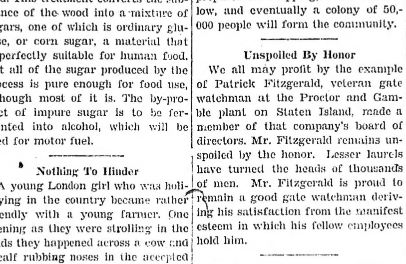
Next April the first of the Doukhobors will be brought from Russia to Veregin. As the land is cleared and prepared for cropping, others will follow, and eventually a colony of 50,000 people will form the community.

Unspoiled By Honor

We all may profit by the example of Patrick Fitzgerald, veteran gate watchman at the Proctor and Gamble plant on Staten Island, made a member of that company's board of directors. Mr. Fitzgerald remains unspoiled by the honor. Lesser laurels have turned the heads of thousands of men. Mr. Fitzgerald is proud to remain a good gate watchman deriving his satisfaction from the manifest esteem in which his fellow employees hold him.

The length of the skirt determines the amount of taxes paid by the women of Almandraijeo, Spain. A woman showing only her ankles pays the minimum.

Western Breeder Has Great Triumph



From left to right: Revolution 7th, 1st prize aged bull and senior and Grand Champion Bull; Black Lass Glencarnock, first prize cow and senior champion female; Edella of Glencarnock, first prize two-year-old heifer; Glencarnock Jessie 9th, first prize junior yearling and junior and grand champion female, at the Chicago International Exposition, 1927. All four animals bred at Glencarnock Stock Farms, Brandon, Man. In the background, from left to right, H. O. Harrison, of Harrison & Ryan, San Francisco, and Harlan, Iowa; W. A. McGregor, Briarcliff Farms, Inc., Pine Plains, New York; Jack Brown, herdsman, Glencarnock Farms, Brandon; Jas. D. McGregor, Glencarnock Farms, Brandon; Kenneth McGregor, Hartley Stock Farms, Page, North Dakota; Prof. W. H. Pew, Briarcliff Farms, Inc., Pine Plains, New York; Oakleigh Thorne, Briarcliff Farms, Inc., Pine Plains, New York; and Prof. Kildee, Judge of the Aberdeen Angus cattle at the recent Chicago International Exposition.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 1

JOHN THE BAPTIST AND JESUS

Golden Text: "He must increase, but I must decrease."—John 3.30.

Lesson: Mark 1.1-13.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 40.3-11.

Explanations and Comments

I. The Title Of the Gospel, verse 1.—This is the gospel of Jesus Christ, the Son of God. Our word gospel is compound of the two Anglo-Saxon words god, meaning good, and spel, meaning news. The word as used in the New Testament refers to the message of good tidings, not to one of its first four books, to which it was not applied before the second century. It is the good tidings concerning Jesus the Christ, the Son of God, which Mark begins here to recount. This first verse is Mark's confession of faith.

"Every time Christ is born in a man's heart, the gospel has a new beginning. And every other beginning of the gospel—its beginning in the eternal purpose of God (John), its beginning at Bethlehem (Matthew and Luke), its beginning at the baptism (Mark)—will be of none effect, as far as you and I are concerned, unless it has another beginning in you and me."—J. D. Jones.

II. The Work Of the Forerunner Of Christ, verses 2-8.—Verse 2, 3 and 4 are all one sentence, and seven words give their meaning, namely, 'Even as it is written, John came." For an account of the parents of John and of his training in the wilderness, turn to the gospel of Luke. Verse 2 is from Malachi 3.1, and is applied in Matthew 11.10 and Luke 7.27 by Jesus Himself to John's mission. Verse 3 is from Isaiah 40.3-5. John the Baptist was God's messenger sent to prepare the way for Jesus the Son of God. He was the voice in the wilderness announcing the coming of the Lord and warning men to be ready. Instead of discoursing upon the material glory of the Messianic period, as was the universal custom, John insisted that there were requirements to be fulfilled, and turned men's thoughts away from the outward and material to the inward and spiritual.

"The revival of religion needed today is to prepare for the fuller coming of the Son of Man into our earthly life and to secure that richer baptism of all our relationships in the divine spirit, is a revival strongly ethical and genuinely social, rather than ecclestical or emotional. Let the call issue north, south, east and west, for an 'about face' towards righteousness in the common relations of everyday life! 'Then all flesh may see the salvation of God!"—Charles Reynolds Brown.

Canada's Divorce Rate

Is Considerably Lower Than Any Other Country In World

Happy Canada! It has the lowest divorce rate in the world. Consider these figures given at a Mothers' Union meeting in London: The United States has one divorce in every 7.6 marriages. Figures for other countries are quoted as follows: Canada, one in 161; Great Britain, one in 96; Sweden, one in 33; Norway, one in 30; Germany, one in 24; New Zealand, one in 21; Switzerland, one in 16; Japan, one in eight. Divorce in the United States, it is added, has advanced in the past 22 years to one in 7.6 marriages from one in 17.1. Between 1876 and 1916 there were 2,250,069 divorces in that country.

Document Too Binding

Too Many Rules For Highland Crofter To Sign

An amusing story of a Highland crofter was told by a member of the Scottish Land Court, at the annual dinner of the Caithness Association. The crofter had arranged with the Government for a loan to build a house. A document containing 22 conditions was sent for signature. The crofter wrote back:—"I am sending you back your paper. I will not sign it. Do you think I am going to keep 22 rules for a bit house on earth, when for keeping Ten Commandments God will give me a mansion in the skies?"

To Put It Briefly

Prince Arthur of Connaught tells an amusing tale of his experiences when serving as Governor-General of South Africa. He had made a journey up the Zambesi to some of the paramount chiefs. One of them made a speech of welcome which took three-quarters of an hour to deliver. When he had finished, a native interpreter came forward to explain the oration. Pointing to the chief, the interpreter discharged his task with a single sentence: "Him say him dam pleased to see you!"

In addition to paying more than one hundred dollars for a driver's license in Germany, the applicant must pass an extremely rigid mental and physical examination.

Great Britain now claims all the speed records for aeroplane, submarine, steamship, railway, automobile and motorcycle.

Hawaii now boasts one automobile for every 10 persons, while the proportion in the United States is only one to every six.

A Most Dangerous Practice

Some Pessimists Persist In Talking About Next War

The talk about an inevitable European war goes on. A French publisman says that the showdown will come in 1935. He makes the interesting suggestion that in another war in Europe, the United States will not be on the same side as Great Britain, the inference being that naval competition has driven a wedge between the affections of these nations.

It would seem that there is a regiment or two of European pessimists, who are bound to drum up another war. They persist in talking it day and night. That is a most dangerous practice. If, instead, their time was occupied as industriously in decrying war, in reminding the people of the last world catastrophe, of the sacrifices and sufferings of the population, of the millions of wounded and mutilated human beings, there would be some expectancy that another war would not come. But if these peddlers of calamity continue to preach their sinister prophecies war is pretty sure to happen. There is a new crop of cannon fodder ready for the harvest. The boys who were seven years of age in 1914, are now twenty, able to carry a rifle, capable of being trained into the tricks of carnage. That seems to be sufficient for certain Europeans who keep the war pot boiling. No doubt the makers of armament are eager for the harvest.

In well-organized, sensible communities the preachers of dangerous doctrines are run out of town. That would appear to be the appropriate treatment of these next-war prophets.

Immense Crane Built For London Railway

Will Automatically Adjust Itself To Adverse Wind Pressure

An immense crane being erected in connection with the Metropolitan Railway's new $3,750,000 building, is the largest of its kind in the world, and differs entirely from the three-legged type now familiar to Londoners.

It comprises a single "leg" nearly 150 feet in height, and is surrounded by a steel lattice-work jib 100 feet long, while protruding from and running down the centre of the "leg" is a great steel pivot which enables the crane to revolve in a complete circle without difficulty.

A feature of particular interest in connection with the crane is that it is so constructed that when left at night unattended it will automatically rotate, in the manner of a weather vane and so adjust itself to any adverse wind pressure that may arise.

The area covered by the crane is more than 30,000 square feet. It is of English construction throughout and is electrically operated by one man.

Would Retain Party Symbol

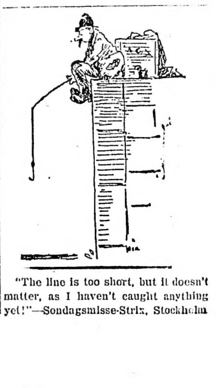
Want the Donkey To Symbolize the Democratic Party

A resolution favoring the retention of the donkey as the symbol of the Democratic party "because he is a docile animal, when pleased, but knows how to kick when displeased," was passed by the Democratic auxiliary of Philadelphia, a women's organization.

It was an answer to efforts of the Women's Democratic club which recently voted to urge the substitution of the American Eagle for the donkey.

Consumption Of Alcohol

The per capita consumption of alcoholic spirits in Canada for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1927, was 54 per cent. below that of the average for the past fifty-eight years, statistics issued by the department of national revenue show. The figures disclose that in the past half century the average consumption per anaum for each person in Canada is 86 per cent. of one gallon of spirits, but for the fiscal year 1926-27 this consumption was only 32 per cent. of a gallon.



"The line is too short, but it doesn't matter, as I haven't caught anything yet!"—Sondagsmisse-Strix, Stockholm.

SEED GRAIN RATE ON NO. 1 WHEAT NOW REQUESTED

Winnipeg.—An effort to secure seed grain rates on No. 1 wheat, equal to those obtaining at present on registered seed, was made here when a group of seed specialists met representatives of the Canadian Freight Association.

It was pointed out that if railway rates to the cleaning centres, such as Moose Jaw, Regina, Saskatoon, Brandon and Winnipeg, could be secured for No. 1 wheat, farmers would use this quality and a better grade of wheat would be produced. A recent survey in 15 western districts showed that 75 per cent. of the wheat sown was No. 3 seed which contains about 20 wild oat seeds to the pound.

There was an urgent demand, the experts said, that Canadian seed should be improved.

Decision of the freight association is expected shortly.

J. E. Blakeman, Dominion seed inspector; H. Folliot, of the Wheat Pool; and M. P. Tullis, of the Saskatchewan department of agriculture, represented grain organizations at the meeting.

Lived Like a Bear

Homeless Finnish Boy Discovered In Cave Near Soo

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.—After spending 76 nights and days in a makeshift cave in the dense woods of the Goulais Bay area, Eino Kunsela, 12, a homeless Finnish lad, has been discovered alive and well.

In 20 below zero weather Eino has lived contentedly like a bear in a hole, for more than two months, feeding on turnips filched from the farm which he deserted when conditions, he said, became unbearable.

The lad accused Frank McKaughhann, farmer, in whose hands he was placed by the Children's Aid Society, of threatening to kill him. Police have Eino in charge now, while a rigid investigation is going on.

Veteran Hunter Killed

African Sportsman Falls Victim To Infuriated Wounded Elephant

Nairobi, Kenya. — William Judd, African sportsman, known throughout the big game world for his prowess in the hunting field, has fallen a victim to the dangers of his favorite sport after braving them successfully for 30 years.

While hunting at Mahougalem, he was charged by an infuriated wounded elephant which mangled him as his son battled vainly to save him. Young Judd finally killed the enraged beast but the veteran hunter was dead when his son reached his side.

Winnipeg Man Found Frozen

Winnipeg.—A. P. Howard, a street railway employee of this city, was found frozen to death in his home. The discovery was made by neighbors who had not seen the man for several days. Howard was lying on a small cot partly dressed. It is believed he was seized with a heart attack and died shortly after slumping on on the cot.

Prince Loses Out

London.—The Prince of Wales was eliminated in the semi-finals round of the Royal Naval Squash Racquets championship at the Royal Automobile Club. His conqueror was Lieut.-Commander R. A. I. Mackenzie. The Prince failed to maintain the form that had carried him into the semi-finals.

Would Sell Medals

Lyndhurst, N.J.—The approach of Christmas found James B. Burke, 23-year-old Canadian war veteran, without funds, and his wife, daughter and blind brother-in-law in dire need, so he offered for sale two medals which he says he won in the battle of Vimy Ridge.

B.C. Lumber For Soudan

New Westminster, B.C.—Destined for the Soudan Railway, now in course of construction, two million feet of ties will be shipped from British Columbia, December 27. Already considerable shipments have been made to Egypt and large quantities for British railways.

Stole Sacramental Wine

Guelph, Ont.—Thieves broke into the St. James Anglican Church here and stole the sacramental wine from a locked cupboard. The whole supply was taken and a container which was partially filled with the wine was also drained of its contents. Nothing else was taken from the church.

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Saskatchewan Assembly

Announcement Made the House Will Open About Middle Of January

Regina.—The third session of the sixth Saskatchewan Legislative Assembly will open either Tuesday, January 17, or Tuesday, January 24, according to an announcement of Premier J. G. Gardiner.

Premier Gardiner said he had no statement to make regarding outstanding legislation that might be brought down during the session.

When Mr. Speaker, W. G. Robinson (Francis), takes his seat there will be three new members to be introduced to the House, three by-elections having taken place since the assembly rose early in the year. D. M. Robertson, Lawson, who was elected to fill the vacancy for the Morse constituency, caused by the sudden death of W. P. McLachlan, Morse, is one of the new members. The second is W. G. Ross, K.C., Moose Jaw, who was elected to represent Moose Jaw City upon the elevation of W. E. Knowles, K.C., to the bench. The third newcomer is Hon. George Spence, who returns to the provincial field from the Federal House to represent Maple Creek constituency in succession to P. L. Hyde, who resigned.

None of the three by-elections affected the party standing, which remains at 52 on the Government side of the House and 10 on the Opposition side.

Manitoba University Benefits

Receives Grant Of $80,000 From the Carnegie Foundation

Winnipeg.—The Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching has voted a sum of $80,000 to the University of Manitoba, in connection with a pension scheme for members of the university's staff.

It is planned to supplement the pensions of those more than 40 years old now on the staff, provided the university contributes an equal amount to that contributed by members of faculties who enter the pension scheme. The $80,000 will not be available to the university unless such contribution is made.

The Carnegie foundation was formed in 1905 when Andrew Carnegie gave to a board of trustees $10,000,000 to be utilized to pension college professors after about 25 years' active service.

Mining Men In Winnipeg

Owners Of Manitoba Mining Properties Visit Western City

Winnipeg. — Halstead Lindsley, president of Sherritt Gordon Mines, Ltd., and Noah A. Timmins, president of Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines, and an important shareholder in Sherritt Gordon, which owns a big copper property at Cold Lake, 35 miles northeast of Flin Flon, in Northern Manitoba, are now in Winnipeg.

It is believed important developments in connection with the Sherritt Gordon and its relationship to the province have brought the two mining chieftains to Winnipeg. The White Mud power site and the extension of the Flin Flon railway to the Cold Lake property are probably being discussed with the Bracken Government.

Indian Guide Is Dead

Port Arthur, Ont.—Moses Bouchard, 55, famous as a Nipigon River Indian guide and known to prominent sportsmen all over the country, who have fished the famous stream, died in a hospital here recently. He was one of the principal guides for the Prince of Wales party in 1919. Death was from injuries sustained when struck by a locomotive at Port McDiarmid.

Sun's Rays Cause Explosion

Guatemala City, Guatemala. — The action of the sun's rays is believed to have caused two terrific explosions which have completely destroyed the national acceituno arsenal with the loss of five lives and injury of 11 soldiers. The Guatemalan and American Red Cross sent ambulance and military physicians to care for those injured.

Is Coming To Canada

Wellington, N.Z.—Lieut.-Col. C. M. S. Amery, secretary of state for Dominion Affairs, who is on an Empire tour in his official capacity, and has visited Australia and New Zealand, sailed for Canada on the steamer Aorangi.

Value Of Building Permits

Ottawa.—The value of building permits issued by 63 Canadian cities during November was $12,849,089. This represents a seasonal decline of $5,989,469 compared with the October figures but an increase of $2,873,658 over November.

PEACE NOT AIDED BY WEAKENING BRITISH EMPIRE

London.—Widespread refusal of Britons to bear arms would cause the collapse of the League of Nations and the Locarno Treaties, said Premier Stanley Baldwin in reply to a recent Laborite "Peace letter" signed by 128,770 persons who declared they would refuse to support any government resorting to arms.

The letter was presented to the premier, December 18, by Arthur Ponsonby, Labor member of the House of Commons.

"I share your longing for peace," said Premier Stanley Baldwin in replying to the peace letter.

"God forbid that it again should be disturbed," the premier continued, "but I have yet to learn that the cause of peace would be served by rendering Great Britain impotent. You cannot strengthen the League of Nations by weakening the British Empire. England totally disarmed and an easy prey to hostile forces—can you think of anything more likely to excite cupidity and hostile intention? We should sink to the level of a fifth class power; our colonies would be stripped from us and our commerce would decline."

Further, Premier Baldwin said:

"The effectiveness of the Locarno treaties depends very largely on the knowledge of all parties concerned that in the event of an unprovoked attack, the mighty weight of Great Britain would be thrown into the scale against the aggressor. To deprive of us that weight, the treaties would be deprived of nearly all their value; once more in Western Europe would spring up that fear and unrest, that uneasy dread which the treaties have done so much to allay.

"The complaint that has been heard in the League of Nations assembly is not that the armaments of Great Britain are excessive or a menace to the world, but that they are now placed more unreservedly at the disposal of the League for the enforcement of its decrees."

Plane Forced Down

San Francisco, Cal.—After remaining in the air for forty-nine and one-half hours in an attempt to break the world's record for an endurance flight, the tri-motored monoplane "Spirit of California" was forced down at Mills Field here on account of an exhausted fuel supply.

Receives Degree From Oxford

London.—Dr. Henry Percival Biggar, Canadian chief archivist in Europe has received from Oxford University the degree of Doctor of Literature.

Queen of the Carnival

Miss Emlie Mason, who will reign as queen of the forthcoming Banff Winter Carnival, at Banff, in the Canadian Rockies, during the early part of February, 1928. Miss Mason is a Calgary girl and a devotee of winter sports.

Adopts Naval Plans

France Building Boats In Accord With Washington Agreement

Paris.—The French naval program for 1927 to 1931, which was stated to be fully in agreement with the Washington accord, was passed by the Chamber of Deputies at a special session. The voting was by a show of hands, the Socialists abstaining.

Before the vote was taken the Socialists announced that the program was "a resumption of the race in heavy tonnage."

Charles Denielou, who sponsored the bill, declared it was fully in accord with the Washington agreement. The program for 1927, which must be completed before June, 1928, includes one cruiser of 10,000 tons, six destroyers, five submarines of the first class, one submarine mine layer, and two despatch boats.

Gave Services For Charity

Ex-Premier Of Queensland, Assisted Salvation Army In London

Binghampton, N.Y.—Digby Frank Denham, former premier of Queensland, Australia, who is here to investigate industrial conditions, was among members of the "hungry club" led by George F. Johnson, millionaire shoe manufacturer, who, wearing Salvation Army caps and headed by the Salvation Army band, marched to the steps of the county court where they sang carols and old time songs for the benefit of the Salvation Army Christmas dinner fund. More than twelve hundred dollars was collected.

Merry Party For Canadian Homes

Waving good bye to their native shores did not seem to depress the spirits of these Scottish girls who sailed from Scotland recently for Canada. They were included in a large group of household workers recruited in Glasgow to be placed in homes throughout the Dominion. They were all smiles over the prospects of their new homes and in anticipation of many experiences that would befall them in the country across the Atlantic of which they had heard so much about.

The photograph was taken as the group were on their way to board the Canadian Pacific liner Montclare.

Canada Our Country

Copper Plaques Will Be Placed In All Schools

Ottawa.—With the co-operation of the various Provincial Governments in Canada, the national committee for the celebration of the diamond jubilee of Confederation are placing a copper plaque suitably framed in every public and separate school building throughout Canada.

The plaque which is attractively designed carries the motto "Canada Our Country" for the English-speaking communities and "Canada Notre Patrie" for the French-Canadian sections.

The provincial Prime Ministers have been asked to arrange for some sort of patriotic unveiling ceremony in connection with placing the plaques in the schools.

Mission To Canada

Under Secretary Of State For Dominion Affairs To Come Here Next Summer

London.—The Daily News understands that arrangements are being made for Lord Lovat, under secretary of state for Dominion Affairs, to embark next summer on a mission to Canada, New Zealand, Australia, and South Africa, mainly with the object of infusing new life into the empire's migration activities.

Lord Lovat probably will assist in the detailed negotiations in each of the dominions which will follow the departmental discussions on the exploratory enquiries about to be made by Lieut.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, secretary of state for Dominion Affairs.

Will Represent Canada

Sir Campbell Stuart On Pacific Cable Board Committee

Ottawa.—Sir Campbell Stuart will represent Canada on the committee which has been established to enquire into the affairs of the Pacific Cable Board, of which this country is a member. Great Britain and the Dominions will each nominate a representative and a technical adviser and the committee will meet in London some time in January.

The technical adviser from the Canadian postoffice department has not yet been selected, according to government officials today.

Alcoholic Insanity Increasing

New York. — Alcoholic insanity, which has been reported increasing since 1920, again went forward this year, according to statistics of the state department of mental hygiene. Last year there were 422 cases of alcoholic insanity admitted to the state hospitals, or 5.8 per cent. of the total. This year 544 cases, or 7 per cent. of the total, were admitted.

SAY U.S. SHIPPERS LABORING UNDER A DISADVANTAGE

New York.—Charges that United States shipping is being discriminated against by Great Britain, Canada, and Australia are contained in a resolution recently forwarded to President Coolidge, heads of Government Departments by the New York Maritime Exchange, which urged that the United States adopt retaliatory measures to safeguard its interests.

The exchange cites Canadian regulations, which require that cargoes destined for Canada must be routed through Canadian ports and not through United States ports in order to obtain preferential duties, and also sets forth the understanding that cattle shipped from the United States via Canada may remain in England for fattening before being slaughtered, whereas if the cattle are sent from the United States they must be slaughtered immediately on arrival in England.

The state department has already advised the exchange that the nations referred to in the resolution are receiving the careful attention of the department, but that the information in the hands of the department with respect to the shipment of cattle does not agree precisely with that contained in the resolution.

In the resolution adopted at the Maritime Exchange, it was suggested that if the respective governments decline to entertain suitable proposals along the lines suggested, the United States formulate "and place in effect similar regulations in our behalf whereby a surcharge equal to that imposed upon our commerce shall be assessed in addition to the ordinary duty in traffic landed at ports in Canada for destination in the United States."

BUILD NEW LINE PEACE RIVER TO PACIFIC COAST

Vancouver.—Behind the purchase of the Canadian Northwestern Railway, formerly known as the Portland Canal Short Line Railway, from Sir Sir Donald Mann by Hon. H. H. Stevens, M.P., W. A. Lewthwaite and associates lies the vision of a main line across British Columbia connecting the Coast with the Peace River District.

In more immediate prospect is the expectation of providing transportation for miners in the coast district, and of developing greater timber limits which lie not far from Stewart, the terminus of the road. Erection of a sawmill and a pulp mill at Stewart and harnessing of water power in the district which will be served by the road may result.

Reconditioning of the road will start at the beginning of the New Year, when fifteen miles of line from Stewart to Redcliffe will be put in shape. It will be ready for operation by August, 1928.

This section of the road will serve a number of mines which are being developed in the district. It will also be utilized as a logging railway in connection with a sawmill to be erected in the vicinity of Stewart.

An extension of six miles up Beaver River will be undertaken and finished by August, 1929. This will serve the George Copper, Argenta, Rufus and Red Top mines, all promising mining properties.

The present project is fully financed for 1928-29, and Hon. H. H. Stevens is now in England in connection with ambitious plans which the company has in view.

New "Sub" Is World Beater

Monster Under-Water Cruiser Being Being Built In France

Paris.—France has laid the keel of the greatest of all submarines, a monster under-water cruiser. It will be 1,000 tons larger than the V-1, which made the United States lord of the depths. The new French submarine will be a 3,000 tonner, a warship which can stay on the surface and match strength with any cruiser or slip under the surface and lay mines or sow destruction among capital ships.

The submarine cruiser, with a crew of 100, has many novel features in her construction, including fuel tanks to enable her to cruise half way across the ocean without rising to the surface.

Chinese Pirates Again Active

British Capture Tug But Crew Escapes On Land

London.—The British admiralty stated that pirates have again become active on the Yangtse River in the neighborhood of Shans, in the province of Hupeh, resulting in quick retaliation by British gunboats.

A pirate tug was captured but the crew escaped on land. A convoy of lighters also was attacked by pirates from the river bank and the convoying gunboats replied with their full armament.

There are four British vessels now on the Pirate patrol.

Will Not Visit Canada

Dublin.—President William T. Cosgrave of the Irish Free State will not visit Canada in connection with his proposed visit to the United States, James J. Walsh, Minister for Posts and Telegraphs in the Cosgrave Government, informed the Canadian Press that President Cosgrave regrets his inability to visit the Dominion because of the lack of time at his disposal.

President Coolidge Has Zoo

Washington.—Admirers of President Coolidge have given him enough animals to outfit a small circus. Even the Washington Zoo, at which some of his animals are housed, could not have readily accommodated all that were presented to him in the Black Hills last summer. Those brought to the zoo here include a lion, deer, a pair of bobcats, a peacock, a bear and a wallaby.

Reports Large Increase

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia's honey crop for 1927 totalled 986,719 pounds and was valued at $217,078, compared with 898,257 pounds valued at $197,616 last year. Vancouver Island shows an increase of more than 100 in the number of apiaries, while in the Upper Country districts, particularly the Okanagan, also reported large increases.

Playing An Expensive Game

Chicago Mayor Losing Business Through His Anti-British Campaign

Big Bill's anti-John Bull hallucinations are not only making Chicago a laughing-stock, but threaten to become a heavy liability for the city to carry. Mr. John F. McKeown, a prominent exporter, has made the charge that the Mayor's campaign has already cost Chicago's manufacturers and exporters $1,500,000 in loss of business with Australia. This is a big price for one part of the community to pay for electing a buffoon to the Mayor's chair, and if trade has suffered to this extent to date the loss will be multiplied in the future. Australia is too far removed to appreciate the humor and ridiculousness of the situation as does Canada. Moreover, it glories in the reputation of being more British than Britain, and realizes that if Chicago, as represented by its Mayor, is anti-British, it is anti-Australian. Under the circumstances, why should Australia buy from Chicago when hundreds of competitors are knocking at her doors?

This is something which will not disturb Bill, unless it affects the ballot box. Against it he will balance the resolution of the Italo-American National Union, which declares that Superintendent McAndrew's pro-British propaganda is losing the friendship of the Latin peoples of Central and South America, and will get City Solicitor Peska to demand the resignation of another school official with an Angles-Saxon name. But it might become serious for Chicago business. There are many British Dominions, all pro-British, and they buy heavily. —Toronto Globe.

Ancient Castle In Sweden Quite Modern

Had Central Heating System and Well Equipped Kitchen

A central heating system, pipes for running water and other accessorie of modern convenience have been discovered by archeologists investigating the castle of Glimmingehus, one of the oldest and most interesting edifices of its kind in Sweden. The interior of this ancient stronghold of Swedish nobility, rearing its forbidding granite walls above the fertile plains of the province of Scania, in the south of Sweden, shows that the knights of old were far from Spartan in their habits.

The kitchen, for instance, was found to be appointed after almost modern lines with a giant baking oven, tanks for running water, drainage pipes in the walls, two huge larders, etc.

The most remarkable discovery, however, was a central heating installation with long pipes through the walls conducting the heat from the main boiler in the kitchen to the various apartments on the upper stories. On the second floor, immediately above the big hearth in the kitchen, a snug and warm "cozy corner" with stone seats had been arranged.

King George Loves His Yacht

Britannia Is Thirty-Five Years Old and Has Sailed 319 Times

The King's affection for his famous yacht Britannia was alluded to by Major Phillip Humloke at the London Press Club's "seafaring night" dinner recently. Major Hunloke, who has sailed Britannia for the King since His Majesty came to the throne, said: "Nobody loves a ship as His Majesty loves Britannia. I doubt if he will ever get rid of her. The King, too, likes a yacht in which he can take a large number of guests, and this Britannia does. To build a new boat like Britannia would now cost something like £40,000, although she was built for £9,000. Britannia is 5 years old, has sailed 319 times, and won 187 first and 64 other prizes.

Woman Heads Senate

The first woman President of a Senate in the world has been installed at Vienna. Frau Olga Rudel-Zeynek took her seat as President of the Upper House of the Austrian Government. This bestowal of dignity is considered remarkable there since Austria gave women political rights only ten years ago.

About the meanest thing a woman can do when her husband's name is mentioned is to sigh, look resigned and say nothing.

Women of England are buying more expensive wearing apparel than in former seasons.

Pay day comes slowly to a man who watches the clock.

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The International Mind

Looking Beyond Our Own Borders To Understand Problems Of Our Neighbors

Development of the "International Mind," described by Elihu Root as the "Indispensable Prerequisite of a Lasting Peace," to combat the standardization that "threatens to reduce personalities to a common type," was urged by Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian minister to the United States, in addressing the English-Speaking Union of the United States at a dinner given in his honor in New York.

The Canadian minister described the "International Mind" as the mind that, with a firm belief in its own country, can project itself into the problems of its neighbors and see and understand their point of view.

Describing international concord as essentially a thing of the mind and the spirit, Mr. Massey suggested the substitution of the phrase "Minds Across the Sea" for the phrase "Hands Across the Sea" often heard in reference to the relations between the United States and Great Britain.

Mr. Massey referred to the Canadian-American boundary as "the perpeual symbol of peace" between the British commonwealth and the United States."

The boundary possesses difficulties which constantly need wise and careful adjustment, he continued, but the people of the two countries have shown themselves able to solve the problems it presents by the exercise of common sense and neighborly understanding in both sides and by the erection of adequate arbitral machinery. He referred to the International Joint Waterways Commission, which had solved twenty-five intricate international problems of irrigation and water power that had arisen on the mutual boundary during the last sixteen years.

London Crowd Honest

A testimonial to the honesty of the average London crowd was furnished when a man threw a brick into a jeweler's window in Ludgate Hill and seized a tray containing trinkets of the value of £700. The jewellery was scattered all over the roadway and sidewalk, but a member of the firm told the police magistrate that they sustained no loss on this account as the crowd picked up everything and returned it in a very short time.

The harder it rains the more soft water we get.

Would Form New Province

General Drive Started In Peace River To Further Movement

At a recent meeting of the Peace River Board of Trade, a committee was formed for the purpose of compiling full details of the cause for grievance that were the means of initiating the campaign of the Peace River Record and the Grande Prairie Herald for the inauguration of a new province. A general drive is being undertaken and a full report will be made at the annual meeting early in the new year. Contrary to the belief expressed in several daily papers, throughout Canada that it is too big an undertaking for a new country, the north country has been receiving encouragement from the different organizations situated within the proposed boundaries of the new province.

Plans for the raising of finances for the purpose of sending delegates to Prince Rupert and into northern British Columbia to attend the different annual meetings of the several boards of trade interested are under way. That the two major problems enumerated by Premier Brownlee — the Peace River Highway and the Pacific Coast outlet—will be supported by a formidable list of complaints cannot be denied. This list will be submitted to the various organizations in the movement for approval before being published. The movement is gaining momentum, not losing.

Townsites For Sale

Eleven townsites on the Cutknife-Whiteford Lake branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway are to be offered for sale next spring, according to the company's land department. The new line has been graded as far as Whiteford Lake and the steel nearly all laid. At the other end of the line is Willingdon, named in honor of the present Governor-General.

Bill—"You have heard our suspender song?"

Pete—"No. How does it go?"

Bill—"It all depends on you."

A man is seldom justified in going to law unless he has more money than he needs.

Fish eyes are considered a great delicacy in the West Indies and Eastern Asia.

Abandoned Farms Return To Grass

Time Required Is From Eight To Thirty Years

Abandoned farms in the dry areas of the Western prairies if left alone, in from eight to thirty years, depending on various factors, return to grass covered condition. In studies given to this question, Dr. S. E. Clarke, of the Division of Forage Plants of the Experimental Farms, has discovered that the vegetation on abandoned land that has once been cultivated appears to go through definite successive stages. After being abandoned the land soon becomes covered with weeds, chiefly Russian Thistle and Tumbling Mustard. These plants are followed in a few years by Artemisias, popularly known in some sections as pig weeds. Western Couch Grass soon, however, makes its appearance and crowds out the other weeds. This in time appears to give way to other native species such as Spear Grass, Grama Grass, June Grass, and peas. Thus in time the fields return to almost the original prairie condition. In the report of the Forage Crops Division for 1926, issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, and which cnotains useful information on stock fodders, it is announced that experiments are being planned with a view to hastening the return to grass of abandoned western farms.

Out On Location

Australian Bushman Thought Bethlehem Was In Heaven

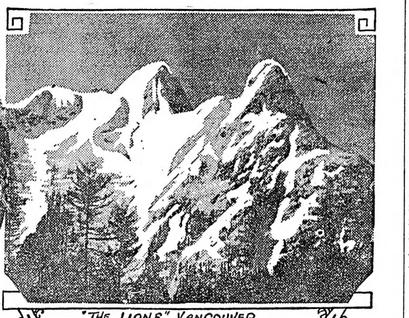
At a dinner given in his honor recently, Sir Granville Ryrie, Australia's new High Commissioner, told this amusing tale. On one occasion Sir Granville was exchanging wartime reminiscences with a bushman, and mentioned the fact that he had been in Bethlehem. "Go'blimey," said the backwoodsman in an awed voice, "was you in Bethlehem?" "Yes, I was," repeated the commissioner. "Gee," said the other, "I always thought Bethlehem was in heaven."

Gets Application In Early

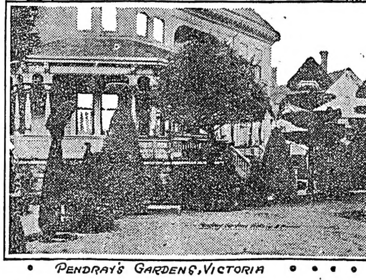
W. O. Tuclrfarber, of Olathe, Kansas, for 22 years a railway mail clerk, believes so strongly in the future of aviation, that he has applied for appointment as air mail clerk when the time comes when air mail will be assorted en route. Postal officials say the day probably is only a year or two away.

Victoria and Vancouver Mecca for Tourists

FLOWERS BLOOM ALL WINTER



"THE LIONS", VANCOUVER



PENDRAY'S GARDENS, VICTORIA

A Christmas rose plucked in the garden is no novelty in the flower vase of a Victoria or Vancouver automobile, for the climate of these two British Columbia cities is so mild during the winter that both claim eternal summer. The golfer can drive, approach the green, putt on a real grass green practically every day in the year, and hundreds of miles of splendid roads are in first class condition the year round for motoring. The mild climate is largely due to the warming influence of the Japan current and protecting range of mountains.

Victoria, capital of British Columbia, is a city of rare charm with its beautiful drives and residential sections, its first class golf courses to which access is easily obtained by the player, its unique Chinese quarter, its turbaned Hindus, its ivy-covered Empress Hotel and its imposing parliament buildings. Both the Victoria Golf Club and the Colwood Golf and Country Club have entertained thousands of guests in a single year, and golfers stopping at the Empress may play at both upon payment of a small greens' fee. Victoria is noted for its magnificent drives leading through beautiful streets, along the ocean's shores and far into the interior of the island.

Victoria is at the southern tip of Vancouver Island, named after Captain George Vancouver, of the British Navy, who discovered it in 1792. Its trees, among them the stately Douglas fir which towers 300 feet above the roads over which the traveller glides, are magnificent, some of them being 6 or 7 feet in diameter. Century-old cedars and gnarled oaks of great age are conspicuous features of the landscape, and miles of gorse, or Scotch broom, line the hikhways.

Like Victoria, Vancouver has been a wonderful road builder and has hundreds of miles of splendid automobile roads of the finest macadam. Vancouver is surrounded by towering mountains and the famous "Lions," twin snow-capped peaks, are one of the many scenic beauties of a most enterprising, hustling and interesting city. The "Lions," also called the "Lions' Gate" and the "Two Sisters," tower 6,500 feet above Vancouver, and an Indian legend has it that as long as the "Two Sisters" stand guard over Vancouver, just so long will Canada's greatest Pacific port thrive and develop.

Victoria is the site of the Crystal Gardens, erected several years ago by the Canadian Pacific Railway and which have become the social centre of the city. The gardens are equipped with a magnificent 150-foot swimming pool, completely covered by a canopy of glass. Here the inhabitants of Victoria and visitors flock in thousands to enjoy the sports facilities of the institution. Dancing and other forms of entertainment are always in progress. Here, too, are staged swimming meets that within the past few years have become international in aspect.

Usefulness Of Maps

People Are Realizing More and More Their Value

When the art of printing was first utilized for the publication of books only a small proportion of the population in any of the then civilized countries of the world could read and in fact it was a long time afterwards before generally could use books for themselves. Nowadays more books are being sold than ever before, but people buy them to read and use. With better general education the greater demand for books of all kinds. The same may be said to be true of maps; as more people learn to use them so does the demand increase; and it is equally true that one must learn to read a map and be able to use it, just as one must learn to read words before the printed page is of any significance. A map is not a word picture, nor is it a photograph, although it contains elements of both. Especially is this true of the topographic map which is the most complete example of the map-maker's skill and serves many purposes. It is the record of the natural and cultural features of any area, and one of the means of aiding development. Such a map shows the arable lands; industrial areas; forest areas; mineral areas; water power sites and storage basins; reclamation projects; irrigation areas; surface conformation, etc.

One of the large map making organizations of the Dominion Government is the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior. During the recent years this Service has been issuing as rapidly as possible topographic maps of various areas throughout Canada, all being coordinated in the National Topographic series. Thus, eventually the whole country will be mapped without overlapping or without any part being missed. Mapping is, however, a slow process and it will be many years before the whole country will be thus included. As each new map is issued more people are interested. In order to inform people of the maps that are available an index of the maps and publications issued by the Topographical Survey will be sent free upon request.

A Made Over Elephant

Exhibit At British Natural History Museum Reduced In Size

After "treatment" extending over seven months, during which it has been remodelled and reduced to more normal proportions, the African elephant belonging to the South Kensington Natural History Museum has returned to its old quarters.

It was taken back on a theatrical scenery van, and because of its size, the woodwork of the doors into the great hall of the museum had to be removed.

"It was a task to get it in and out of our studios, which are especially built," said a representative of Messrs. Rowland Ward, Ltd., of Piccadilly, who carried out the work.

When the animal was first mounted in the museum it stood over 11 feet in height and, as posed, looked a very ferocious creature. It is now about 10 feet 7 inches in height, and in its "rejuvenated" form looks more like an African elephant.

Requires Translation

An anecdote on spelling and phonetics in Scotland: A woman entered a draper's shop in Edinburgh and began to inspect a piece of goods. The following conversation ensued:

Customer: "Oo?"

Shopkeeper: "Ay, oo."

Customer: "A' oo?"

Shopkeepr: "Ay, a' oo?"

Customer: "A' ae oo?"

Shopkeeper: "Ay a' ae oo."

You will, no doubt, need this translation furnished by the 'Christian Register:" "Wool?" "Yes, wool." "All wool?" "Yes, all wool." "All one wool?" "Yes, all one wool."

Why Do We Hurry

Kirogluk, picturesque Eskimo, on his first visit to New York, asked a natural but somewhat staggering question:

"Why does everyone hurry so?"

Come to think of it, why indeed? The world offers many examples of people who are both leisurely and successful. They seem to get out of life quite as much happiness as do those who are always rushing.

Perhaps the sage who said, "The more haste, the less speed," revealed a truth we could all wisely ponder.

He: "I live in the country now. It's terribly inconvenient."

She: "It must be. What do you miss most?"

He: "The last train."

Tribes of interior Brazil have a mania for laying curses on their neighbors.

Eskimo Curiosity

More Interested In Strange Animals Than Wonders Of Human Creation

Writing in the Times, a few days ago, George Palmer Putnam said: "This last summer in Baffin Island we talked at length about our animals of the South. Our two Eskimo friends, Avalisha and Kavaou, were far more interested in our account of lions, monkeys, elephants and the like than in any wonder of human creation that we could describe. To them animals were vastly more alluring than skyscrapers, railroad trains, and aeroplanes. Pictures from zoos and jungles fascinated them."

It was natural, then, that the Eskimos who were taken to the Zoo for the first time recently, should be fascinated by what they saw, particularly the younger members of the party. But are we ourselves so different from the Eskimos? One doubts. There is something about animals that fascinates all of us. When we riffle through the pages of a natural history book we are likely to linger much longer over the pictures of lions, tigers, anteaters, elephants and wart-hogs than over the pictures of Hottentot culture. The reason, no doubt, is that we persist in identifying ourselves with everything we see. Thus Hottentot culture means nothing to us, for we have no use for it and we cannot picture ourselves in connection with it. But an animal catches our eye at once, particularly if he looks dangerous. We are still near enough to the jungle to get a chill along the spine from the sight of stripes and fur, even though we know that there are many things that hold a greater menace. The truth is that in many ways we are probably just as primitive as the Eskimo.—New York World.

What Family Is Oldest

No Authentic Record To Decide Discussion In England

Spirited discussions as to the oldest family in England are taking place in that country, but there is no authentic record, apparently, of which family has that honor. One authority gives the palm to the Corbet, in Shropshire, though even the Corbets would hardly claim that extreme antiquity suggested by the motto of a certain Spanish family, part of which runs, "Before the gods were gods, the Velascos were Valascos."

There was a Count Dohna in Germany who told the emperor on one occasion that the Dohnas were "the most illustrious nobility when the Hohenzollerns were nothing. In England there was the famous passage in the House of Lords between the Howards and the Spencers in 1621. "My lord," said the Earl of Arundel, "when these things were doing your ancestors were keeping sheep." Spencer was equal to the occasion: "My lord, when my ancestors were keeping sheep your lordship's ancestors were plotting treason."

Canada Has Wise Policy

There are people who complain bitterly at times because we have a closed-up Sunday in this land; they say there is no amusement, no place to go, nothing to do. They want some entertainment to keep the weekend from being dull. Chicago probably felt the same way about it years ago and gave way to the desire. Today they have it to the limit, but the excitement they wanted has turned out to be a wild horse that took the bit in its teeth; its mouth is hard now and refuses to feel the urge that is at times put upon the rein. Don't hurry up with an agitation for an open Sunday.

Says Skyscrapers Not Durable

American skyscrapers, if allowed to stand more than 40 years, will certainly tumble down, says Sir Edwin Lutyens, British architect. He says the methods employed in structural steel construction of giving the steel only a "coating of paint or one of mud and water" offer the chief danger, as they give little protection from atmospheric penetration.

"It is a fine thing that we three are marrying three sisters."

"How so?"

"We shall only have one mother-in-law between us."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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CHAPTER XV.—Continued

Helmi was awakened next morning by the first beam of the March sun. It came around the corner of the factory cotton blind, and played over her pillow with a tremulous motion. It was a jolly little sunbeam that seemed to have a story to tell if there was anyone to listen. But Helmi's heart was too full of its own happiness to listen to any other story. She sprang out of bed and met the new day with a song, a strange song, that came bubbling out of her far-off childhood. Helmi had not thought of it since she came to Canada, and did not know that she knew it, but today it came unbidden. Six months ago or less Helmi would have sternly frowned on the old Finnish song with its old world ethics and customs. She would have been as scornful of it as she was of her sister's marriage and her placid acceptance of her swarming family. But now Helmi had a deeper understanding, so she sang the old chant, the "Kalevala" of her own country,—

"Now the time has come for parting
From my father's golden fireside,
From my brother's welcome hearthstones,
From my mother's happy dwelling;"

Weird and solemn and doleful, misty with years and the heart-throbs of another generation, the "Kalevala" had no place in this new world of action and realities.

But Helmi sang on as she got dressed, in a mechanical, toneless voice, imitating the old minstrel whom she had heard sing it years ago—laughing at it, yet bound by its strange spell. She was glad she remembered it; it would make Jack Doran laugh that big rolling laugh she loved so well. He would say again, "You are a queer stick, Helmi."

"Do not harm the bride of heaven,
Do not injure her thou lovest;
Counsel with the bride of heaven,
To the young wife give instruction."

Helmi rolled up the cotton blind and tied the red cord in a bow-knot. The warm March sun was filling the saucer with a ruddy glow, even brightening the weather-beaten little houses. Streamers of rose and orange were thrown into the upper heavens, indicating a windy day; curling smoke climbed up its stairless way, faithfully telling who was and who was not astir. To Jack Doran's house on the hill, faintly pink in the morning light, Helmi's eyes turned lovingly; and as she watched the first feather of smoke drifted aimlessly up into the waiting air. Some day that little house would be hers, and she would have her own little pots and pans, shining just like silver.

Helmi's light heart sang the old melody of love and mating, but the words, which never mattered much anyway, were the dismal lines of the "Kalevala." However, sung as they were by her in ragtime, no trace of the gloom was left.

"Cut a rod upon the mountain,
Or a willow in the valleys;
Hide it underneath thy mantle,
That the stranger may not see it;"

Helmi laughed at the concise instructions given to the young husband in the matter of keeping his wife in her place. It was all very humorous now, though she remembered how angry it made her when she heard it sung in Finland. She had once been severely whipped by her father for saying that if her man ever dared to strike her she would kill him with a bossa and throw his body into the flood. But the whipping had only confirmed her determination. She hoped her father would fall and break his leg or be struck by the blixt.

Helmi dressed as quickly as she could. Her bare little room, gilded now by the warm sunshine, was a paradise to her, because here she had dreamed her glorified dreams. Helmi's radiance of spirit covered every deformity, even as the sunshine warmed to life again the faded pattern on the stingy little quilt, falsely called a comforter, which lay on the bottom of the bed. Helmi's bed was a narrow white enamelled one, with so much of the enamel gone that its complexion was now that of an English coach-dog. The floor was uneven and splintery; a cracked basin stood on a box covered with red and yellow checked oilcloth; but today nothing mattered, for Helmi's heart was singing the old song. She went down the creaking stairs to the big kitchen below, where a solemn black stove, standing glum and cold on its four spread legs, awaited her. She had her kindling ready, her porridge already cooked. Helmi was what Mrs. McMann called forehanded—she was always on time.

Mrs. McMann usually slept until breakfast was over. She was glad of a chance to sleep in peace, and she did if the undulating snores which came from her room adjoining the kitchen could be depended on. Helmi fried the bacon in two great black frying-pans, and boiled coffee in two blue pots.

Mrs. McMann, having thought the matter over, decided to throw the "jolt" at the breakfast table. The table would be full, and it was as good a time as any. She arose as soon as she awoke, combed back her thin hair, speared it into a figure eight at the back of her head with a few iron hairpins, put on her best black sateen dress which was beginning to "get to fit too snug," and came into the kitchen.

Helmi was carrying back the empty porridge bowls.

"Why, look who's here," said Jack Doran when she entered the dining-room. "Good-morning, Mrs. McMann, are you not sleeping well now?" Jack sometimes cooked his own breakfast, but this morning he was at the "Elite."

Mrs. McMann sighed. "No, I'm not sleepin' so good—I'm kinda bothered about some things. Maybe it's none of my business, but I can't help botherin' about other people."

Mrs. McMann had thought out a real plan, deep laid, daring, extreme.

"Why bother?" asked Jack, helping himself to a piece of toast from the pyramid which Helmi had just brought in.

"I suppose a person gets no thanks, but I was never one to look for thanks." Mrs. McMann was in the self-righteous mood which the boarders knew so well.

Jack Doran went merrily on. "Tell us your troubles, Mrs. McMann," he said, "boarders are human. Let us advise you."

Mrs. McMann saw she had the attention of the table. The time was ripe.

"Well, seein' as you're so anxious to hear my troubles, Jack, I will tell you—you should know, because you're the cause. I hear from a friend of mine in Edmonton that you are engaged to a girl there, and all this time you are stringin' Helmy along just for your own amusement—buildin' this house and all, and givin' us all to understand you mean to do the right thing by Helmi."

Jack stopped eating and looked up in surprise. Bill Larsen cut his mouth in his excitement.

Mrs. McMann continued; "I've seen young dudes from the city before, that come along and raised the deuce with decent girls, raisin' hopes in them that makes them scorn honest men in their own station, and it ain't fair, and I won't stand for it. A minin' camp is a rough place, but by Gosh! there's some things we won't stand for. Anyone would know a townbred fella like you would mean no good to a girl who's only a hashslinger, after all, and foreign, too."

A silence fell on the room. Helmi, who had a way of doing her work without bringing her mind to it, was aroused with the sudden jerk one feels when a train stops. The room, which a moment before had hummed like a factory, was now plunged suddenly into tense silence.

Mrs. McMann, having invented the story of Jack's sweetheart, proceeded to elaborate.

"There is some talk of your bringin' a wife here at Easter, and that it will be the city girl from Edmonton.

Jack Doran stood up and threw back his shining hair. His face was pale under his coat of March tan.

"You're a great guesser, Mrs. McMann," he said, "but you miss out in some things. I am going to have a wife before Easter, but it is not the girl from Edmonton. As a matter of fact, I do not know a girl in Edmonton, not one; but I know a girl in Eagle Mines that I think a lot of."

Helmi was passing behind him, and he turned impulsively and took her hand. "Helmi has worked her last day for you, Mrs. McMann, for today she is going to marry me, if she will. Will you marry me, Helmi?" he asked impulsively.

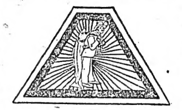
(To Be Continued.)

Frost Bites

Minard's will quicken circulation and prevent further trouble. Also eases the burning pain.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1713



LESSON No. 15

Question: Why is *emulsified cod-liver oil* so important as an added ration with milk in the diet of children?

Answer: Because when it is mixed with milk *it makes milk* a more efficient rickets-preventing food and builder of strong bones. Children like it best in the form of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Tells Why People Are Near-Sighted

Because Man Has Not Yet Ceased Being a Fish Says Optometrist

Nearsightedness, or myopia, is widely prevalent among the human species because man has not yet completely ceased being a fish, it was asserted by Dr. Eugene G. Wiseman of Buffalo. Chairman of the American Academy of Optometry, which held its annual convention at the hotel Pennsylvania, New York.

"We have found," Dr. Wiseman said, "that a great proportion of cases of myopia are caused by the fact that the eyes naturally diverge to the right and to the left instead of looking straight ahead. The inner muscles of the eye, in trying to correct this and restore the paralellelsm of the vision of the two eyes are subjected to a strain which produces near-sightedness.

"Prismatic lenses have now been developed which restore this paralellism while they allow the eyes to remain in their natural, slightly divergent, position. Many cases of myopia have been reduced and many others have been entirely cured by this simple method."

Many lower animals such as insects and birds, Dr. Wiseman said, have vision incomparably keener than that of man. For example, he said, to the mosquito, man glowed like a burning coal. In man's development from the lower species, he continued, the eyes had gradually come to the front from their position at the side of the head, as in the fish, and with this had come a great improvement—parallel vision of both eyes.

"This gave man a triangulating mechanism by which he could judge distances, and was of great value to him," said Dr. Wiseman.

"But naturally this recently acquired binocular single vision possessed the incompleteness of most new mechanisms."

Dr. Wiseman said that myopia was increasing because modern civilization necessitated close application, as in reading and handiwork.

"So marked is this tendency," said Dr. Wiseman, "that some persons even have predicted that eventually the human race will be cyclopean and have only one eye, and that in the middle of the forehead."

A Real Wooden Wedding

Bride, Groom and Minister All Wear Spruce Veneer

Dressed in spruce veneer garments, Gertrude Ohman and Wade Rowland were married by a minister similarly spruced up. The bride and groom are employees of a mill at Hoquiam, Wash., and the ceremony was performed on a log boom in open air.

The wooden garments were slipped over the bride and groom with holes cut for their arms, that hands might be joined and apertures were made for eyes and lips.

The guests threw sawdust instead of rice and the honeymoon began on a raft of logs floating down Gray's River.

Radio Finger Prints

The radio photo has been successfully used as a means of transmitting finger-prints of criminals. A man held at London was suspected of being wanted in Chicago, so Scotland Yard police sent his fingerprints by radio and learned that they had the right man.

Vigilance Needed To Keep Undesirables Out

Many Ways Tried To Smuggle Them Into England

The British Secret Service department is kept ever busy and ever vigilant, in preventing black listed undesirables from landing in Great Britain.

Valiere, a French communist who is on the Home Office Black List, and who had already been turned back when he tried to land in England, was recently arrested in London. It was found that he had landed from a sailing boat on the beach near Folkstone, says a writer in Pearson's Weekly.

Recently Mr. Burnett, the chief immigration officer, received information from an agent that a number of Chinamen were to be smuggled into England in the liner President Lincoln. In consequence, the vessel was met at Hawaii and carefully searched, but nothing could be found.

The men were on the point of giving up when one of the searchers chanced to bump into one of a row of coffins in the hold and knocked the lid off. Inside was a young Chinaman lying full length, with food and luggage beside him. Eleven coffins were found similarly filled.

Some two years ago, a vessel, believed to be carrying Chinese immigrants, was chased by a patrol boat and apparently betrayed her guilt by making off at top speed. Night fell, but still the patrol boat aung on, and at last caught up with the vessel and boarded her.

Not a sign of a Chinese could be found aboard, and the patrol boat skipper was forced reluctantly to let the other vessel go. In port one of the crew got drunk, and talked. His story was that the skipper of the smuggler, as soon as it was dark, had tied a fire-bar to the legs of each of twenty-seven wretched yellow men and flung them overboard.

Agricultural Research

Canada Ahead Of Other Parts Of Empire In Delving Into Farm Problems

A widespread development in agricultural research is looked for in the near future by Dr. J. H. Grisdale, deputy minister of agriculture, who was a Canadian delegate at the Imperial Agricultural Research Conference held in London, England, recently. During the conference, Mr. Grisdale declared, it was found that Canada did more research in farming problems than any other section of the Empire, and that in some respects, namely, in grain rust research and in the control of bovine tuberculosis, the Dominion was well ahead of the world.

One of the most important results of the attendance of the Canadian delegates was the acceptance of an invitation to visit this country on the part of Dr. John Boyd Orr, Aberdeen, one of the greatest research workers in the cattle industry of the world. Dr. Orr will come to Canada next October, Dr. Grisdale said.

One Crop Pays For Farm

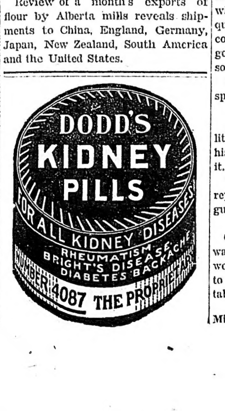
An enormous crop of grain, capable of paying the full cost on the farm on which it was grown, is reported to the local offices of the Soldiers' Settlement Board. The farmer concerned was R. B. Fraser, of Munson, Alta., and his experience seems to be a record one for the district. The total amount harvested in spring and winter wheat this season reached 16,620 bushels on 223 acres—an average for both varieties of 56½ bushels per acre.

Finds Another Microbe

A new and deadly microbe has been discovered by Dr. Vilbert, head of the Pasteur Institute at Kandia, French Guinea. It is a spiral bacillus, discovered on chimpanzees and produces a contagious disease similar to yellow fever. Dr. Vilbert contracted the disease, but recovered.

Flour From Alberta

Review of a month's exports of flour by Alberta mills reveals shipments to China, England, Germany, Japan, New Zealand, South America and the United States.



New Northern Manitoba Map

Flin Flon Lake Area Mapped By Topographical Department

The Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior has just issued the Cormorant Lake sheet of the National Topographical series on a scale of four miles to an inch. This sheet is a provisional series map without contours. It is plotted from aerial photographs taken by the Royal Canadian Air Force. During the photographic flights Dominion Land Surveyors acted as navigational officers. This map may been obtained from the office of the Topographical Survey at Ottawa for the nominal price of twenty-five cents each or fifty cents in folder form or printed on linen.

The area shown on this map lies north of The Pas, Manitoba and extends just over the border of Manitoba into Saskatchewan. It lies between latitudes 54 degrees and 55 degrees and logitudes 100 degrees and 102 degrees. It is similar in style to The Pas sheet on the south and Wekusko Lake sheet on the east. It is named from Cormorant lake which lies just north of the Hudson Bay Railway. Other lakes which are well known from the mineral discoveries which have been made in their vicinity are Athapapuskow Lake, Flin Flon Lake, Schist Lake, File Lake, and Elbow Lake. The mining fields may be reached from The Pas by steamer to Sturgeon Landing, thence by a wagon road to the Athapapuskow Lake from which canoe routes lead in numerous directions. The Mandy Mine produced some very rich ore which was transported by sleighs, scows, and rail to the smelter in British Columbia. Important developments are now taking place at several other points including the immense deposits of the Flin-Flon property. This map will be of considerable assistance to those interested in development work or in further prospecting.

Women In Work At Geneva

Play Important Part In Disarmament Negotiations Of League

Women are laying a silent, but important part in the disarmament negotiations under the auspices of the League of Nations.

Mme. Maxim Litvinoff, the pretty and charming wife of the chief of the Soviet delegation, is an English girl, and is down on the delegation's official list as an interpreter. Mme. Litvinoff, who translates the documents of the Muscovites from Russian into English, was Miss Ivy Row, of London, the daughter of Sir Sidney Row. She is known in literary circles as the author of a number of novels.

Mme. Anatole Lunacharsky, the wife of another Russian delegate, the Soviet Minister of Public Instruction, is a celebrated actress. She appears on the Moscow stage as Rozenel. M. Lunacharsky has written a number of plays in which his wife has taken the leading role.

American womanhood steps into the picture when it comes to Count von Bernstorff, head of the German delegation. The Countess was Miss Jeanne Luckemeyer, of New York. She is now at Geneva with her husband and is interested, like Americans generally are, in the outcome of the disarmament problem.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

Prince George a Linguist

Qualifies As Interpreter In France For British Navy

Prince George, younger son of King George and Queen Mary, has been posted officially as a fully qualified interpreter in French for the British Navy, in which he holds the rank of lieutenant. Every British naval officer must have a knowledge of French, but this knowledge is not always very extensive.

The Prince of Wales is the best French student among the King's sons, his proficiency being due to his six months' stay as a boy in France with the Duc de Breteuil, when he acquired the confidence essential in conversation with a foreigner. He is good at German, too, and speaks some Welsh.

Both King George and Queen Mary speak French fluently.

A venerable old Scot purchased a little radio set and a few days later his friends asked him how he liked it.

"Well, it's aw richt to listen to," he replied, "but those bulbs are nae so guid to read by."

One of our minor regrets has always been that nobody in the family went to medical school long enough to know how to set the leg of a card table.

Minard's Liniment for Grippe.

For Mild Winter Climate, Good Accommodation To Suit All Pockets. The Farmers' Holiday Playground.

Write:
Victoria and Island Publicity Bureau
(George I. Warren, Commissioner)
P. O. Box 808, Victoria, B. C.

Little Helps For This Week

"Serving the Lord with all humility."—Acts xx. 19.

The bird that soars on highest wing
Builds on the ground her lowly nest;
And she that doth most sweetly sing,
Sings in the shade when all things rest;
In lark and nightingale we see
What honor hath humility.
—James Montgomery.

Only he who puts on the garment of humility finds how worthily he clothes his life.—Phillips Brooks.

The Saviour bids us be meek and lowly in heart; and this meekness is a casting down of all confidence in self, that from God alone help may be derived.—Fenelon.

THOUSANDS OF MOTHERS USE NO OTHER MEDICINE

Baby's Own Tablets Are the Ideal Remedy For Babies and Young Children

Canadian mothers are noted for the care they give their little ones—the health of the baby is most jealously guarded and the mother is always on the lookout for a remedy which is efficient and at the same time absolutely safe. Thousands of mothers have found such a remedy in Baby's Own Tablets and many of them use nothing else for the ailments of their little ones. Among them is Mrs. Howard King, of Truro, N.S., who says:—"I can strongly recommend Baby's Own Tablets to mothers of young children as I know of nothing to equal them for little ones."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Canadian Bacon Market

Farmers Should Not Slacken Hog Production At the Present Time

An optimistic note with regard to the market for Canadian bacon was struck by A. J. Mills, representative of the British Ministry of Food in conference with packers at Toronto. He expressed the conviction that Canadian farmers would be very poorly advised to slacken in hog production at the present time, stating that an improvement in the British market was in sight, with many of the countries which had been flooding Britain with bacon during the past year being practically out of the business.

Time Has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Pelts Worth a Million

Six thousand fox pelts from various farms in the Western Provinces will be offered for sale in Winnipeg in January. They are valued, roughly, at a million dollars. The industry is steadily expanding in these regions.

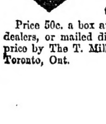
Minard's Liniment for Colds.

Seals and sea lions are increasing so rapidly along the coast of California that fishing is seriously menaced. Officials are considering the appointment of a hunter to partially exterminate them.

Short of Breath Dizzy, Sinking Spells COULDN'T WALK FAR

Mrs. L. A. Oliver, Granville Ferry, N.S., writes:—"A few years ago I had dizzy, sinking spells so bad I could hardly stand up without taking hold of something to support me, and I could not walk any distance on account of being so short of breath.

"I had taken a lot of doctor's medicine, but it did me no good, only for the time being, so reading in the B.B.B. almanac about



—I decided to try them and found them to be just what they are recommended to be, and I feel that I owe my life to them."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Annual Meeting Collholme U.F.A.

The annual meeting of Collholme U.F.A. was held in Clover Leaf school on Saturday, Dec. 17, at 2.30 p.m. There was a fair attendance and an enthusiastic spirit prevailed. E. A. Davis, the president, was in the chair.

The minutes of the previous meeting and the last annual meeting were read and adopted. The secretary gave his report, which was accepted. G. Ray Robison was elected delegate to attend the convention to be held at Calgary in January.

The resolutions were discussed and the delegate instructed to support such resolutions as the local felt to be of interest.

It was decided to raise funds for delegate's expenses by donation, anyone interested in helping to get in touch with the secretary.

The following officers were elected for 1928: President, G. Ray Robison; Secretary, Edwin B Allen, re-elected; Directors, E. A. Davis, N. D. Stewart, A. Carlson, E. Robertson, V. G. Thompson.

The above directors to act as programme committee. Mesdames Allen, Thompson, Trogan and Mr. F. Hobson to be a lunch committee.

A meeting of the Wheat Pool Local was held afterwards, when N. D. Stewart, the delegate for district No. 4, gave a very good report on the convention of Pool delegates held in Calgary last November.

Here and There

Work on the erection of the Minas Basin Pulp and Paper Company's plant at Hantsport has begun, together with work on the railway siding connecting the plant with the main line of the Dominion Atlantic Railway.

The value of the Western Canadian grain yield this year is figured at $1,600,000,000 by a financial firm making a survey of conditions at Winnipeg. Wheat is put at $563,804,729; oats at $166,428,882; barley at $62,887,903; rye at $16,628,881, and flax at $1,935,215. Hay and other grains are included in the grand total.

The Eastern International Dog Sled Derby will be held this year at Quebec City, February 20, 21 and 22, according to information given out by the tourist department of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The leading drivers from all parts of the Continent will take part. The race is over a 120-mile course with an average of 40 miles a day.

Montana farmers are hauling grain to stations on the Canadian Pacific Railway lines just north of the International boundary line in South-western Saskatchewan. Some 50,000 bushels are on the move there on sale to the Wheat Pool. It is remarkable that the Montana farmers are paying the duty and receiving about $5 per load more than if delivered to the elevators located along the Montana route.

"The tourist crop is the next best crop to that of wheat in the Canadian West," said C. B. Foster, passenger traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, visiting Winnipeg recently. "Canadians are now capitalizing our splendid winters," he said. "It used to be our custom to decry them, but we have since learned their appeal to the stranger as well as ourselves and are profiting by it."

Quebec City is preparing for a record winter sports season, according to Jack Strathdee, newly appointed winter sports director at the Chateau Frontenac. Mr. Strathdee comes to his new field of activity with a wealth of experience, having promoted outdoor sports in the Muskoka Lakes region and more recently at the French River Bungalow Camps of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Saskatchewan heads the provinces of Canada in growth of revenue from tourist traffic, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, dealing with the calendar year 1926. The gain over the previous year was over 100 per cent., while Manitoba was the only other province with a revenue increase of more than 25 per cent. The tourist business for the whole of Canada has risen from $83,733,760 in 1920 to $193,643,450 last year. It is thought to contribute $100,000,000 to Canada's favorable balance of trade.

Of Canada's four great sources of wealth — field, forest, mine and stream — the forest has steadily pushed forward until it now holds second place, particularly in the exports from the Dominion. For the 12 months ended September 30th last, grain and grain products exported were valued at $464,000,000; metals $160,000,000 and newsprint $120,000,000, to which should be added, to show the whole exported wealth of the forests, manufactured and unmanufactured wood valued at $160,000,000, making the forest aggregate $280,000,000.

CHINOOK U.F.A. MEETING

The first of the regular series of winter meetings under the auspices of the Chinook U. F. A. Local will be held in the school on Friday evening, Jan. 6th, at 8 o'clock.

A debate, "Resolved, That the world is getting better," will form an interesting part of the program, with Messrs Dressel and Nordin for the affirmative and Neff and Steckle for the negative.

It is expected that the Wheat Pool delegates, Messrs N. D Stewart and Jas. P. Watson, will be present to give a report.

The election of officers for 1928 and the usual dance will conclude the program for the first meeting.

School Trustees Meeting

The Board of Trustees of Chinook Consolidated School District met in the school on Saturday evening, Dec. 17th, at 9 20. Members present, Messrs Carter, McDonald and Rosenau.

The minutes of last meeting were read and on motion of McDonald were adopted.

Moved by McDonald that Mr. Tompkins be paid $1.00 per day for conveying his children to the van route. Carried.

Moved by Carter that Sam Machell be paid $1.00 per day for conveyance of his child until such time as the family moved to Cereal. Carried.

Moved by Rosenau, that on Route 3 J. W. Deman be paid up to and including Nov. 9th and Heinrich Neufeld from that date until the end of the term. Carried.

Moved by Rosenau, that on Route 4 Henry Neufeld, be van driver from Jan. 4th until further notice. Carried.

Moved by Carter, that on Route 3 Aug. Rosenau be van driver until further notice. Carried.

Moved by Rosenau, that Route 2 be given to Klaas Hohlen from Jan. 4th until further notice, this route to include the Tompkins family—rate of pay $6.50 per day. If Mr. Hohlen is not available then Mr. McDonald shall make other arrangements. Carried.

Moved by Rosenau, that Mrs Vanstone, teacher in Room 2, be granted leave of absence until Jan. 13th, 1928, providing she get Miss Madson, or any teacher satisfactory to the Principal, to take her place. Carried.

Moved by Carter, that the following bills be paid;

Jas. L. Carter, freight paid on coal	$43.18
New Walker Mine, coal	69 39
Service Garage, on acct.	24.00
E. E. Jacques, acct.	19.16
M. L. Chapman, acct.	33.62

Moved by Carter, that Annual Meeting be held on Saturday, Jan. 14th, at 1.30 p.m. Carried.

Moved by Rosenau, that L. S. Dawson be auditor for this year. Carried.

Moved by Carter, that we do now adjourn until Friday afternoon, Dec. 30th, at 4 o'clock.

Lorne Proudfoot, Sec.-Treas.

Mr. E. Myhre, of Cereal, spent Christmas in Chinook with his sister, Mrs. Flater. Mr. Myhre left Monday for Saskatoon.

Miss C. Flater was a Cereal visitor on Wednesday.

L. Setterington has moved into town for the winter.

Annual School Meeting

The Annual Meeting of the ratepayers of Chinook Consolidated S.D. No. 16 will be held in the school on Saturday, January 14th, 1928, at 1.30 p.m.

Lorne Proudfoot,
Secretary.

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Here and There

Reports received from various guides in New Brunswick state that partridges have increased; moose are plentiful and deer greater in numbers than last year. On the Little Tobique River beaver are more numerous this year, but not elsewhere.

Alberta's wheat crop is so good that D. C. Coleman, Vice-President of Western Lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway, believes it will reach 180,000,000 bushels. The record crop so far is 166,000,000 bushels, produced in 1923.

Rosebank Pride—71118, an Ayreshire cow owned by George Pearson & Sons, of Waterdown, Ontario, has just scored a Canadian and a world record for milk production, having given 23,641 lbs. of milk, 978 lbs. fat with average test of 4.14 per cent. Her five years' milking record is 87,843 lbs. milk, 3,633 lbs. fat.

Aviation history is being made nowadays. Canadian Air Board officials announce that enquiries have been received from 15 cities in Canada desirous of forming flying clubs. At the same time Sir Philip Sassoon, Under-Secretary for Air in the British Government, reports that the first of the two huge 5,000,000 cubic feet dirigibles being built in England for inter-Imperial commercial communication will be completed in about two years and that the maiden trip will likely be to Canada.

Nova Scotia has won the Agent-General's Challenge Cup at the Imperial Fruit Show held in Manchester, according to official advice by cable. Nova Scotia obtained the greatest number of points in the overseas section of the show, the basis for award being 4 points for each first prize, 3 for each second, 2 for each third and 1 for each entry receiving 75 per cent. Nova Scotia had 48 entries and won 7 firsts, 8 seconds and 5 thirds.

The establishment of a game sanctuary in western Nova Scotia was announced recently by W. L. Hall, Attorney-General of the Province. The reserve covers an area of approximately 200 square miles and contains fine scenery, majestic rivers and forests and lakes in which trout and wild-life are sure to thrive. The new sanctuary will take in the chief waterways of Lake Rossignol, Shelburne River, Jordan, Sixth and Fifth Lakes.

According to the latest Bulletin of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Washington, Canada ranks next to British India as to tobacco produced in the British Empire. "Stimulated by the preference granted Empire-grown tobaccos in the British market since September 1st, 1919," says the report, "the production of tobacco in Canada has increased from 14,232,000 pounds in 1918 to 28,884,000 in 1926; Ontario furnishing about 75 per cent. of the product and Quebec most of the remainder."

Gasoline has done all the damage possible to the horse industry in Canada, according to W. J. McCallum, horse importer of Brampton and Regina, who arrived in Canada recently on board the C. P. liner "Metagama." Mr. McCallum brought with him over 100 champion stallions which he purchased throughout the British Isles, France and Belgium during the summer months. He will take the valuable shipment west this winter and will dispose of them throughout the prairie provinces. Mr. McCallum is optimistic regarding the future of the horse industry in Canada and states that more pure-bred animals are needed on this side of the water.

Wheat Pool News

During the week commencing January 2nd, J. Jesse Strang, director for the Claresholm District, has arranged for the delegates in his district to hold a series of educational meetings at the head office of the Alberta Wheat Pool. There are ten delegates and they will be taken through every department of the Wheat Pool and given a thorough insight into its operation. Mr. Strang's idea is to acquaint his delegates thoroughly with the workings of the organization in order that they may be well qualified to distribute the information throughout their districts.

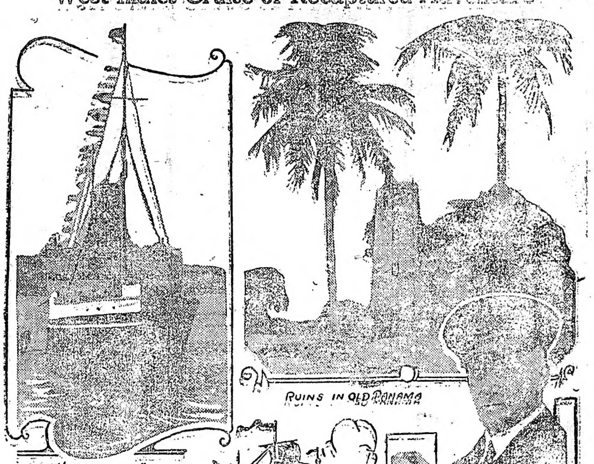
* * *

C. M. Hall, manager of the Alberta Pool Elevators, has arranged to send copies of the circular letters he distributes to his agents from time to time, to the 70 delegates throughout the province. In this way the delegates are kept posted as to the policies laid down by the management of the elevator organization. Suggestions which might lead to betterment in the services rendered are invited by the elevator management from Pool members.

* * *

To date the Alberta Wheat Pool elevators have handled over 15 million bushels of grain from the 1927 crop. This handling is considered very satisfactory by C. M. Hall, the manager. Pool local elevators now number 157, with three new houses yet to be opened These are being built at Willingdon, Hairy Hill and Kateland on the Clan Donald Branch running from Lloydminster.

West Indies Cruise of Recaptured Adventure



THE "MONTROYAL"

CAPT. H. SIBBONS. R.N.R.

Four hundred years of strife with piracy and rioting are encompassed in the history of the islands of the Spanish Main. For all these bright islands are monuments of the days of conquest of explorers and pirates. The West Indies mirror the world in miniature or the way of the world, and one sees them today lying peaceful under tropical skies.

A modern voyage of re-discovery is no longer a matter of years or even months as is emphasized by the schedule of the proposed cruises to this region of romance by the Canadian Pacific liner Montroyal which sails from New York on January 26 and February 29, each returning in 29 days.

Judging by the popularity of these cruises, the West Indies are still as tempting as they were to Columbus, Ponce de Leon, Drake, Cortes, Hawkins and a hundred others. Although there remain today no pirates, no rich galleons to sack, few buried treasures to seek, there still remains the bracing air on silver seas, the beauties of coral islands, and of tropical life and many evidences of a historic past. Even in the matter of buried treasure everyone would like to surprise the world as did Lieut. George Williams who found amid some old ruins of Panama last year, by means of a violet ray detecting instrument, a treasure worth $50,000. This mass of gold and jewels was unearthed on the site of San José Church which was destroyed in 1671 by pirates under Sir Henry Morgan.

Every spot on the west Indies cruises offers living testimony of a connection with the Old World. There is Cuba, the beautiful Island, once the pride of Spain; Jamaica, headquarters in the old days of famous pirates; Panama, the former highway of Spanish treasure trains and now a name of the world's greatest canal; Colombia, stronghold of Hispaniola; Curacao, a little bit of Holland in the Caribbean; Porto Rico, where Columbus rested and whence Ponce de Leon set forth to find the Fountain of Youth; Nassau, in the Bahamas, with its coral formations and sea gardens and Bermuda, the "Isle of the Blest". Such names as these recall exciting days of the past and furnish highlights, in a voyage of recaptured adventure.

Chinook United Church

Sunday School	2 p.m.
Evening Service	7.30 p.m.

Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent. Apply at Advance Office.

FOR SALE—Young Shorthorn Cow, coming fresh. Apply to J. C. Bayley, N. ½ 6, 28, 7, Chinook.

FOR SALE—Typewriter, Corona No. 4 portable, guaranteed as good as new. Cost $81. For quick sale $50. Mrs. J. C. Turple, Phone R511.

FARM WANTED—Wanted, hear from owner good Farm for sale. Cash price, particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 35-40

FOR RENT—House and barn for rent. Apply to J. L. Carter, Chinook.

Walter M. Crockett,
LL.B.,
Barrister Solicitor,
Notary Public
Youngstown Alberta

Mah Bros. Cafe
Good Meals at all. Hours
Confectionery of all kinds
Fresh Oysters Fresh Fruit

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat	
1 Northern	1.18
2 Northern	1.12
3 Northern	1.02
Oats	
2 C. W.	.50
3 C. W.	.46
No. 1 Feed	.44
Barley	
3 C.W.	.66
4 C.W.	.63
Feed	.61
Rye	
2 C.W.	.84
3 C.W.	.81
Flax	
1 N. W	1.51
2 C. W	1.46
3 C W	1.27
Butter	.35
Eggs	.60

Dr. J. ESLER
Physician and Surgeon, Cereal
Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday and Friday

DR. HOLT
DENTIST
will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every Thursday

Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,
W. M.

R. V. LAWRENCE,
Secretary

Motor Truck Delivery
Prompt Service and prices reasonable
M L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

King Restaurant
Meals at all Hours
Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed.
All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM
CHINOOK - ALTA.

W. W. Isbister
General Blacksmith
Coulters and Discs Sharpened
Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.
We guarantee our work.
CHINOOK - ALTA.

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THE ACME OF TRAVEL COMFORT, CONVENIENCE AND SAFETY IN MODERN TRAIN EQUIPMENT
We will, at your convenience, advise and assist you in selecting the most attractive and convenient route to—
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Drop in and see me, or give me a ring on the phone
O. B. ELLIOTT, Local Agent, Phone 3, CHINOOK
OR WRITE
J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent — EDMONTON
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